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Travels into several remote nations of the world in 4 pt.

Swift, Jonathan London, 1726

Chap. VII. The Author being informed of a Design to accuse him of High-Treason, makes his escape to Blefuscu. His reception there.

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CHAP. VII.

The Author being informed of a Design to accuse him of High-Treason, makes his Escape to Blefuscu. His Reception there.

EFORE I proceed to give an account of my leaving this Kingdom, it may be proper to inform the Reader of a private Intrigue which had been for two Months forming against me.

I had been hitherto all my Life a stranger to Courts, for which I was unqualified by the meanness of my Condition. I had indeed heard and read enough of the Dispositions of great Princes and Ministers; but never expected to

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have found such terrible effects of them in so remote a Country, governed, as I thought, by very different Maxims from those in Europe.

WHEN I was just preparing to pay my attendance on the Emperor of Ble. fuscu, a considerable Person at Court (to whom I had been very serviceable at a time when he lay under the highest Difpleasure of his Imperial Majesty) cameto my House very privately at Night in a close Chair, and, without sending his Name, defired admittance: The Chairmen were dismissed; I put the Chair, with his Lordship in it, into my Coat-Pocket; and giving orders to a trusty Servant to fay I was indisposed and gone to fleep, I fastened the Door of my House, placed the Chair on the Table, according to my usual custom, and sate down by it. After the common Salutations were over, observing his Lordship's Countenance full of Concern; and enquiring into the reason, he desired I would hear him

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him with patience in a matter that highly concerned my Honour and my Life. His Speech was to the following effect, for I took Notes of it as foon as he left me.

You are to know, said he, that several Committees of Council have been lately called in the most private manner on your account: And it is but two days since his Majesty came to a full resolution.

golam (Galbet, or high Admiral) hath been your mortal Enemy almost ever since your Arrival: His original Reasons I know not; but his Hatred is much encreased since your great success against Blefuscu, by which his Glory, as Admiral, is obscured. This Lord, in conjunction with Flimnap the high Treasurer, whose Enmity against you is notorious on account of his Lady, Limtoc the General, Lalcon the Chamberlain, and Balmuff the grand Judiciary, have prepared Articles

ticles of Impeachment against you, for Treason, and other capital Crimes.

This Preface made me so impatient, being conscious of my own Merits and Innocence, that I was going to interrupt when he entreated me to be silent, and thus proceeded.

OUT of Gratitude for the Favous you have done me, I procured Information of the whole Proceedings, and Copy of the Articles, wherein I ventum my Head for your service.

Articles of Impeachment against Quit bus Flestrin (the Man-Mountain.)

ARTICLE I.

WHEREAS, by a Statute made in the Reign of his Imperial Majes ty Calin Deffar Plune, it is enacted, the whoever shall make water within the Precincts of the Royal Palace, shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties of Historian Treason

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Treason: Notwithstanding the said Quinbus Flestrin, in open breach of the said Law, under colour of extinguishing the Fire kindled in the Apartment of his Majesty's dear Imperial Consort, did maliciously, traiterously, and devilishly, by discharge of his Urine, put out the said Fire kindled in the said Apartment, lying and being within the Precincts of the said Royal Palace, against the Statute in that case provided, &c. against the Duty, &c.

ARTICLE II.

THAT the faid Quinbus Flestrin having brought the Imperial Fleet of Blefuscu into the Royal Port, and being afterwards commanded by his Imperial Majesty to seize all the other Ships of the said Empire of Blefuscu, and reduce that Empire to a Province, to be governed by a Vice-Roy from hence, and to destroy and put to death not only all the Big-Endian Exiles, but likewise all the People of that Empire, who would not im-

mediately for sake the Big-Endian Heresy. He the said Flestrin, like a salse Traitor against his most Auspicious, Serene, Imperial Majesty, did petition to be excused from the said Service upon pretence of unwillingness to force the Consciences or destroy the Liberties and Lives of a innocent People.

ARTICLE III.

THAT, whereas certain Embassadon arrived from the Court of Blefuscu, we sue for Peace in his Majesty's Court. He the said Flestrin did, like a salse Trattor, aid, abet, comfort, and divert the said Embassadors, although he knew them to be Servants to a Prince who was lately an open Enemy to his Imperial Majesty, and in open War against his said Majesty.

ARTICLE IV.

THAT the said Quinbus Flestrin, contrary to the Duty of a faithful Subject is now preparing to make a Voyage tothe Court and Empire of Blefuseu, for which

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he hath received only verbal Licence from his Imperial Majesty; and under colour of the said Licence doth falsly and traiterously intend to take the said Voyage, and thereby to aid, comfort, and abet the Emperor of Blefuscu, so late an Enemy, and in open War with his Imperial Majesty aforesaid

THERE are some other Articles, but these are the most important, of which I have read you an Abstract.

cipal Secretary for private Affairs, who.

In the several Debates upon this Impeachment, it must be confessed that his Majesty gave many marks of his great Lenity, often urging the Services you had done him, and endeavouring to extenuate your Crimes. The Treasurer and Admiral insisted that you should be put to the most painful and ignominious Death, by setting fire on your House at Night, and the General was to attend with twenty thousand Men armed with poisoned Artows to shoot you on the Face and Hands.

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Some of your Servants were to have private orders to strew a poisonous Juice on your Shirts which would soon make you tear your own Flesh, and die in the utmost Torture. The General came into the same Opinion; so that for a long time there was a majority against you. But his Majesty resolving, if possible, to spare your Life, at last brought off the Chamberlain.

to antinouni flou off the of UPON this Incident, Reldresal, Prin. cipal Secretary for private Affairs, who always approved himself your true Friend, was commanded by the Emperor to do liver his Opinion, which he according ly did: and therein justify'd the good Thoughts you have of him. He allowed your Crimes to be great, but that All there was room for Mercy, the most commendable Virtue in a Prince, and for which his Majesty was so justly celebrated He said, the Friendship between you and him was fo well known to the World that perhaps the most honourable Board might

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might think him partial: However, in obedience to the Command he had received, he would freely offer his Sentiments. That if his Majesty, in consideration of your Services, and pursuant to his own merciful Disposition, would please to spare your Life, and only give order to put out both your Eyes, he humbly conceived, that by this Expedient, Justice might in some measure be satisfied, and all the World would applaud the Lenity of the Emperor, as well as the fair and generous Proceedings of those who have the Honour to be his Counfellors. That the loss of your Eyes would be no impediment to your bodily Strength, by which you might still be useful to his Majesty. That Blindness is an addition to Courage, by concealing Dangers from us; that the fear you had for your Eyes, was the greatest Difficulty in bringing over the Enemy's Fleet, and it would be sufficient for you to see by the Eyes of the Ministers, since the greatest Princes do no more.

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melet think him partial; However,

THIS Proposal was received with the utmost Disapprobation by the whole Board. Bolgolam, the Admiral, could not preserve his Temper; but rising upin Fury, said, he wondered how the Secretary durst presume to give his opinion for preserving the Life of a Traytor: That the Services you had performed, were, by all true Reasons of State, the great Aggravation of your Crimes; that you, who were able to extinguish the Fire, by difcharge of Urine in her Majesty's Apart ment (which he mentioned with horror might, at another time, raise an Inunda tion by the fame means, to drown the whole Palace; and the same Strength which enabled you to bring over the Ene. my's Fleet, might serve, upon the ful Discontent, to carry it back: That he had good Reasons to think you were a Big-Endian in your Heart; and as Treason begins in the Heart, before it appears in Overt-acts, so he accused you as a Traytor on that account, and therefore infifted you should be put to death.

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THE Treasurer was of the same opinion; he shewed to what streights his Majesty's Revenue was reduced by the charge of maintaining you, which would foon grow insupportable: That the Secretary's Expedient of putting out your Eyes was fo far from being a Remedy against this Evil, it would probably enercase it, as it is manifest from the common practice of blinding some kind of Fowl, after which they fed the faster, and grew sooner fat: That his facred Majesty, and the Council, who are your Judges, were in their own Consciences fully convinced of your Guilt, which was a sufficient Argument to condemn you to death, without the formal Proofs required by the first letter of the Law. our your Irell was to Ronce, take it away by Cart foads, and

But his Imperial Majesty fully determined against capital Punishment, was graciously pleased to say, that since the Council thought the loss of your Eyes too easy a Censure, some other may be inslicted

inflicted hereafter. And your Friend the Secretary humbly desiring to be heard again, in answer to what the Treasurer had objected concerning the great charge his Majesty was at in maintaining you, faid, that his Excellency, who had the fole disposal of the Emperor's Revenue, might easily provide against that Evil, by gradual. ly lessening your Establishment; by which, for want of sufficient Food, you would grow weak and faint, and lose your Appetite, and consequently decay and consume in a few Months; neither would the Stench of your Carcass be then so dangerous, when it should become more than half diminished; and immediately upon your Death, five or fix thousand of his Majesty's Subjects might, in two or three days, cut your Flesh from your Bones, take it away by Cart-loads, and bury it in distant parts to prevent Infection, leaving the Skeleton as a Monument of Admiration to Posterity.

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Thus by the great Friendship of the Secretary, the whole Affair was compromised. It was strictly enjoin'd, that the Project of starving you by degrees should be kept a Secret, but the Sentence of putting out your Eyes was entered on the Books; none dissenting except Bolgolam the Admiral, who being a Creature of the Empress, was perpetually instigated by her Majesty to insist upon your Death, she having born perpetual Malice against you, on account of that infamous and illegal Method you took to extinguish the fire in her Apartment.

In three days your Friend the Secretary will be directed to come to your House, and read before you the Articles of Impeachment; and then to signify the great Lenity and Favour of his Majesty and Council, whereby you are only condemned to the loss of your Eyes, which his Majesty doth not question you will gratefully and humbly submit to; and

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twenty of his Majesty's Surgeons will attend, in order to see the Operation well performed, by discharging very sharp pointed Arrows into the Balls of your Eyes, as you lie on the Ground.

I leave to your Prudence what Meafures you will take; and to avoid Suspicion, I must immediately return in as private a manner as I came.

H 18 Lordship did so, and I remained alone, under many Doubts and Perplexities of Mind.

It was a Custom introduced by this Prince and his Ministry, (very different, as I have been assured, from the Practices of former Times) that after the Court had decreed any cruel Execution, either to gratify the Monarch's Resentment, or the Malice of a Favourite, the Emperor made a Speech to his whole Council, expressing his great Lenity and Tenderness, as qualities known and confessed by all the World.

World. This Speech was immediately published through the Kingdom; nor did any thing terrify the People so much as those Encomiums on his Majesty's Mercy; because it was observed, that the more these Praises were enlarged and infifted on, the more inhuman was the Punishment, and the Sufferer more innocent. And as to my felf, I must confess, having never been defigned for a Courtier either by my Birth or Education, I was fo ill a Judge of Things, that I could not discover the Lenity and Favour of this Sentence, but conceived it (perhaps erroneously) rather to be rigorous than gentle. I sometimes thought of standing my Tryal, for although I could not deny the Facts alledged in the feveral Articles, yet I hoped they would admit of some Extenuations. But having in my Life perused many State-Tryals, which I ever observed to terminate as the Judges thought fit to direct, I durst not rely on so dangerous a Decision, in so critical a Juncture, and against such powerful Enemies. Once I

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was strongly bent upon Resistance, for while I had liberty, the whole strength of that Empire could hardly subdue me, and I might easily with Stones pelt the Metropolis to pieces; but I soon rejected that Project with Horror, by remembring the Oath I had made to the Emperor, the Favours I received from him, and the high Title of Nardac he conferred upon me. Neither had I so soon learned the Gratitude of Courtiers, to persuade my self that his Majesty's present severities acquitted me of all past Obligations.

Ar last I fixed upon a Resolution, for which it is probable I may incur some Censure, and not unjustly; for I consess I owe the preserving mine Eyes, and consequently my Liberty, to my own great Rashness and want of Experience: because if I had then known the Nature of Princes and Ministers, which I have since observed in many other Courts, and their Methods of treating Criminals less obnoxious than my self, I should with great ala-

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alacrity and readiness have submitted to so easy a punishment. But hurry'd on by the Precipitancy of Youth, and having his Imperial Majesty's Licence to pay my Attendance upon the Emperor of Blefuscu, I took this opportunity, before the three Days were elapsed, to send a Letter to my friend the Secretary, fignifying my Resolution of setting out that Morning for Blefuscu pursuant to the leave I had got; and without waiting for an Answer, I went to that side of the Island where our Fleet lay. I seized a large Man of War, tyed a cable to the Prow, and lifting up the Anchors, I stript my self, put my Cloaths (together with my Coverlet, which I brought under my Arm) into the Vessel, and drawing it after me between wading and swimming, arrived at the royal Port of Blefuscu, where the People had long expected me; they lent me two Guides to direct me to the Capital City, which is of the same Name. I held them in my hands till I came within two hundred Yards of the Gate, and defired them to fignify

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fignify my Arrival to one of the Secreta. ries, and let him know, I there waited his Majesty's Command. I had an Anfwer in about an Hour, that his Majesty, attended by the Royal Family, and great Officers of the Court, was coming out to receive me. I advanced a hundred Yards The Emperor, and his Train, alighted from their Horses, the Empress and Ladies from their Coaches, and I did not per ceive they were in any Fright or Concent I lay on the Ground to kiss his Majesty's and the Empress's Hand. I told his Majesty that I was come according to my promise, and with the Licence of the Emperor my Master, to have the Honour of feeing so mighty a Monarch, and to offer him any Service in my power, confident with my Duty to my own Prince; not mentioning a word of my Difgrace, because I had hitherto no regular Information of it, and might suppose my self wholly ignorant of any fuch Defign; neither could I reasonably conceive that the Emperor would discover the Secret while

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while I was out of his Power: wherein, however, it soon appeared I was deceived.

I shall not trouble the Reader with the particular Account of my Reception at this Court, which was suitable to the generosity of so great a Prince; nor of the Difficulties I was in for want of a House and Bed, being forced to lie on the Ground, wrapt up in my Coverlet.

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