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Miscellaneous works Of The Late Philip Dormer Stanhope, Earl Of Chesterfield

Consisting Of Letters to his Friends, never before printed, And Various Other Articles

Chesterfield, Philip Dormer Stanhope of

Dublin, 1777

Mr. Fox.

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CHARACTERS BY THE LATE

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---he loved the conflictution, and maintained the just prerogative of the crown, but without ftretching it to the oppression of the people.

He was naturally humane, moderate, and decent, and when by his former employments he was obliged to profecute flate-criminals, he difcharged that duty in a very different manner from most of his predecessors, who were too justly called the Blood-hounds of the Crown.

He was a chearful and inftructive companion, humane in his nature, decent in his manners, unftained with any vice (Avarice excepted) a very Great Magiftrate, but by no means a Great Minifter.

Mr. FOX.

MR. HENRY FOX was a younger brother of the loweft extraction. His father, Sir Stephen Fox, made a confiderable fortune, *fome how or other*, and left him a fair younger brother's portion, which he foon fpent in the common vices of youth, gaming included. This obliged him to travel for fome time. While abroad, he met with a very falacious Englifhwoman, whofe liberality retrieved his fortune, with feveral circumftances, more to the honor of his vigour than his morals.

When he returned, though by education a Jacobite, he attached himfelf to Sir Robert Walpole, and was one of his ableft *eleves*. He had no fixed principles either of religion or morality, and was too unweary in ridiculing and exploding them.

He had very great abilities and indefatigable induftry in bufinefs, great fkill in managing, that is, in corrupting, the Houfe of Commons, and a wonderful dexterity in attaching individuals to himfelf. He promoted, encouraged, and practifed their vices; he gratified their avarice, or fupplied their profusion. He wifely and punctually performed whatever he promifed, and most liberally rewarded their attachment and dependance. By thefe and all other means that can be imagined, he made himfelf many perfonal friends and political dependants.

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He was a most disagreeable speaker in parliament, inelegant in his language, hesitating and ungraceful in his elocution, but skilful in discerning the temper of the house, and in knowing when and how to press or to yield.

A conftant good-humour and feeming franknefs made him a welcome companion in focial life, and in all domeftic relations he was good-natured.

As he advanced in life, his ambition became fubfervient to his avarice. His early profusion and diffipation had made him feel the many inconveniencies of want, and, as it often happens, carried him to the contrary and worfe extreme of corruption and rapine. *Rem, quocunque modo rem* became his maxim, which he observed (I will not fay religiously and scrupulously) but invariably and schamefully.

He had not the leaft notion of, or regard for, the public good or the conftitution, but defpifed those cares, as the objects of narrow minds, or the pretences of interested ones. And he lived, as Brutus died, calling Virtue only a name.

MR. PITT.

MR. PITT owed his rife to the most confiderable posts and power in this kingdom, fingly to his own abilities. In him they supplied the want of birth and fortune, which latter, in others, too often supply the want of the former. He was a younger brother of a very new family, and his fortune was only an annuity of one hundred pounds a year.

The army was his original defination, and a cornetcy of horfe his first and only commission in it. Thus unassified by favour or fortune, he had no powerful protector to introduce him into business, and (if I may use that expression) to do the honors of his parts---but their own strength was fully sufficient.

His conflitution refufed him the ufual pleafures, and his genius forbid him the idle diffipations, of youth, for fo early as at the age of fixteen he was the martyr of an hereditary