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## The Works Of The Right Honourable Joseph Addison, Esq.

In Four Volumes

Addison, Joseph London, 1721

No 254. Thursday, November 23. 1710.

urn:nbn:de:hbz:466:1-53633

"of you formerly fought Duels, of which I have reason to think you have repented, as being now settled in the peaceable state of Benchers. My advice to you is, only that in your Pleadings you are short and expressive: To which end you are to banish out of your Discourses all synonymous Terms, and unnecessary Multiplications of Verbs and Nouns. I do moreover forbid you the use of the words also and like-wise; and must further declare, That if I catch any one among you, upon any pretence whatsoever, using the particle or, I shall incessantly order him to be stripped of his Gown, and thrown over the Bar.

This is a true Copy,

Charles Lillie.

N. B. The fequel of the Proceedings of this day will be published on Tuesday next.

Sir Richard Steele assisted in this paper.

Nº 254. Thursday, November 23. 1710.

Splendide mendax .----

Hor.

From my own Apartment, November 22.

HERE are no Books which I more delight in than in Travels, especially those that describe remote Countries, and give the writer an opportunity of showing his parts without incurring any danger of being examined or contradicted. Among all the Authors of this kind, our renowned Country-man Sir John Mandeville has distinguished himself by the Copiousness of his Invention, and Greatness of his Genius. The second to Sir John I take to have been Ferdinand Mendez Pinto, a person of infinite adventure, and unbounded imagination. One reads the Voyages of these two Great Wits with as much associated in Spenser. All is Enchanted Ground, and Fairy Land.

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I have got into my hands by great chance feveral Manuscripts of these two eminent Authors, which are filled with greater wonders than any of those they have communicated to the publick; and indeed, were they not so well attested, would appear altogether improbable. I am apt to think, the ingenious Authors did not publish them with the rest of their works, lest they should pass for sictions and sables: A caution not unnecessary, when the reputation of their veracity was not yet established in the world. But as this reason has now no further weight, I shall make the publick a present of these curious pieces at such times as I shall find my self unprovided with other subjects.

The present Paper I intend to fill with an extract of Sir John's Journal, in which that learned and worthy Knight gives an account of the freezing and thawing of several short Speeches which he made in the Territories of Nova Zembla. I need not inform my Reader, that the Author of Hudibras alludes to this strange Quality in that cold Climate, when, speaking of abstracted Notions cloathed in a visible Shape, he

adds that apt Simile,

Like words congeal'd in Northern Air.

Not to keep my Reader any longer in suspence, the relation put into

modern Language is as follows:

We were separated by a storm in the Latitude of 73, infomuch that only the ship which I was in, with a Dutch and a French vessel, got fafe into a creek of Nova Zembla. We landed, in order to refit our veilels, and store our selves with provisions. The Crew of each veilel made themselves a Cabin of Turf and Wood, at some distance from each other, to fence themselves against the Inclemencies of the weather, which was fevere beyond imagination. We foon observed, that in talking to one another we lost feveral of our words, and could not hear one another at above two yards distance, and that too when we fate very near the fire. After much perplexity, I found that our words froze in the air before they could reach the ears of the person to whom they were spoken. I was soon confirmed in this conjecture, when, upon the increase of the cold, the whole company grew dumb, or rather deaf; for every man was fenfible, as we afterwards found, that he spoke as well as ever; but the founds no fooner took air, than they were condenfed and lost. It was now a miserable spectacle to see us nodding and gaping at one another, every man talking, and no man heard. One might obferve a Seaman, that could hail a ship at a league distance, beckoning with his hands, straining his lungs, and tearing his throat, but all in vain.

--- Nec vox, nec verba, sequuntur.

Nº 254.

We continued here three weeks in this difinal plight. At length, upon a turn of wind, the air about us began to thaw. Our Cabin was immediately filled with a dry clattering found, which I afterwards found to be the crackling of confonants that broke above our heads, and were often mixed with a gentle hiffing, which I imputed to the letter S, that occurs fo frequently in the English Tongue. I foon after felt a breeze of whispers rushing by my ear; for those being of a fost and gentle substance, immediately liquested in the warm wind that blew across our Cabin. These were foon followed by fyllables and short words, and at length by entire fentences, that melted fooner or later, as they were more or less congealed; fo that we now heard every thing that had been spoken during the whole three weeks that we had been filent, if I may use that expression. It was now very early in the morning, and yet, to my furprize, I heard fome body fay, Sir John, it is midnight, and time for the ship's Crew to go to bed. This I knew to be the Pilot's voice, and upon recollecting my felf, I concluded that he had spoken these words to me some days before, though I could not hear them before the present thaw. My Reader will easily imagine how the whole Crew was amazed, to hear every man talking, and fee no man opening his mouth. In the midst of this great surprize we were all in, we heard a volley of oaths and curfes, lafting for a long while, and uttered in a very hoarfe voice, which I knew belonged to the Boatfwain, who was a very cholerick fellow, and had taken his opportunity of curfing and fwearing at me when he thought I could not hear him; for I had feveral times given him the Strappado on that account, as I did not fail to repeat it for these his pious soliloquies when I got him on shipboard.

I must not omit the names of several beauties in Wapping, which were heard every now and then, in the midst of a long sigh that accompanied them; as, Dear Kate! Pretty Mrs. Peggy! When shall I see my Sue again? this betrayed several amours which had been concealed till that time, and surnished us with a great deal of mirth in our return to England.

When this confusion of voices was pretty well over, though I was a-fraid to offer at speaking, as fearing I should not be heard, I proposed a visit



visit to the *Dutch* Cabin, which lay about a mile further up into the country. My Crew were extremely rejoiced to find they had again recovered their hearing, though every man uttered his voice with the same apprehensions that I had done:

Et timide verba intermissa retentat.

At about half a mile's distance from our Cabin, we heard the groanings of a Bear, which at first startled us; but upon enquiry we were informed by some of our company, that he was dead, and now lay in Salt, having been killed upon that very spot about a fortnight before, in the time of the frost. Not far from the same place we were likewise enter-

tained with some posthumous snarls and barkings of a Fox.

We at length arrived at the little Dutch Settlement, and upon entering the room, found it filled with fighs that fmelt of Brandy, and feveral other unfavoury founds that were altogether inarticulate. My Valet, who was an Irishman, fell into fo great a rage at what he heard, that he drew his Sword; but not knowing where to lay the blame, he put it up again. We were stunned with these confused noises, but did not hear a single word till about half an hour after; which I ascribed to the harsh and obdurate founds of that Language, which wanted more time than ours to melt and become audible.

After having here met with a very hearty welcome, we went to the French Cabin, who, to make amends for their three weeks Silence, were talking and difputing with greater rapidity and confusion than ever I heard in an Affembly even of that Nation. Their Language, as I found, upon the first giving of the weather, fell asunder and dissolved. I was here convinced of an Error into which I had before fallen; for I fancied, that for the freezing of the Sound, it was necessary for it to be wapped up, and, as it were, preferved in breath; but I found my mistake, when minuit over our heads. I asked I heard the found of a Kit playing the occasion of it; upon which one of the company told me, that it would play there above a week longer if the thaw continued; for, fays he, finding our felves bereft of speech, we prevailed upon one of the company, who had this Musical Instrument about him, to play to us from morning to night; all which time we employed in dancing, in order to dissipate our Chagrin, et tuer le temps.

Here Sir John gives very good Philosophical Reasons, why the Kit could be heard during the frost; but as they are something Prolix, I

pass over them in silence, and shall only observe, that the honourable Author seems, by his Quotations, to have been well versed in the ancient Poets, which perhaps raised his fancy above the ordinary pitch of Historians, and very much contributed to the embellishment of his writings.

Nº 255. Saturday, November 25. 1710.

---- Nec te tua plurima, Pantheu, Labentem pietas nec Apollinis insula texit.

Virg.

From my own Apartment, November 24.

To the Cenfor of Great Britain.

SIR,

er of any one, besides your self, to redress. Whether or no you shall think it a proper case to come before your Court of Honour, I cannot tell; but thus it is: I am Chaplain to an honourable family, very regular at the hours of devotion, and I hope of an unblameable life; but for not offering to rise at second course, I found my Patron and his Lady very sullen and out of humour, though at first I did not know the reason of it. At length, when I happened to help my self to a felly, the Lady of the bouse, otherwise a devout Woman, told me, That it did not become a man of my Cloth to delight in such frivolous food: But as I still continued to sit out the last Course, I was yesterday informed by the Butler, that his Lordship had no further occasion for my Service. All which is bumbly submitted to your consideration, by,

SIR, Your most Humble Servant, &c.

The case of this Gentleman deserves pity, especially if he loves Sweetmeats, to which, if I may guess by his Letter, he is no enemy. In the mean time, I have often wondered at the Indecency of discarding the holiest

