

#### Universitätsbibliothek Paderborn

### The Works Of The Right Honourable Joseph Addison, Esq.

In Four Volumes

Addison, Joseph London, 1721

No 10. Monday, March 12.

urn:nbn:de:hbz:466:1-53633

# Nº9. The SPECTATOR.

VI. If any Member strikes another wrongfully, he shall pay his Club for him.

VII. If any Member brings his Wife into the Club, he shall pay for whatever she drinks or smoaks.

VIII. If any Member's Wife comes to fetch him home from the Club, the shall speak to him without the door.

IX. If any Member calls another Cuckold, he shall be turned out of the Club.

X. None shall be admitted into the Club that is of the same Trade with any Member of it.

XI. None of the Club shall have his cloaths or shoes made or mended, but by a Brother-member.

XII. No Non-juror shall be capable of being a Member.

The morality of this little Club is guarded by fuch wholesome laws and penalties, that I question not but my reader will be as well pleased with them, as he would have been with the Leges Convivales of Ben. Johnson, the regulations of an old Roman Club cited by Lipsus, or the rules of a Symposium in an ancient Greek Author.

## Nº 10. Monday, March 12.

Non aliter quam qui adverso vix slumine lembum Remigiis subigit: si brachia sorte remisit, Atque illum in præceps prono rapit alveus amni.

Virg.

T is with much fatisfaction that I hear this great city inquiring day by day after these my papers, and receiving my morning Lectures with a becoming seriousness and attention. My Publisher tells me, that there are already three thousand of them distributed every day: So that if I allow twenty readers to every paper, which I look upon as a modest computation, I may reckon about threescore thousand Disciples



in London and Westminster, who I hope will take care to distinguish themselves from the thoughtless herd of their ignorant and unattentive brethren. Since I have raifed to my felf fo great an audience, I shall spare no pains to make their instruction agreeable, and their diversion useful. For which reasons I shall endeavour to enliven Morality with Wit. and to temper Wit with Morality, that my readers may, if possible, both ways find their account in the Speculation of the day. And to the end that their virtue and discretion may not be short transfent intermitting flarts of thought, I have refolved to refresh their memories from day to day, till I have recovered them out of that desperate state of Vice and Folly into which the age is fallen. The mind that lies fallow but a fingle day, sprouts up in follies that are only to be killed by a constant and affiduous culture. It was faid of Socrates, that he brought Philosophy down from Heaven, to inhabit among men; and I shall be ambitious to have it faid of me, that I have brought Philosophy out of Closets and Libraries, Schools and Colleges, to dwell in Clubs and Assemblies, at Teatables and in Coffee-houses.

I would therefore in a very particular manner recommend these my Speculations to all well-regulated families, that set apart an hour in every morning for Tea and Bread and Butter; and would earnestly advise them for their good to order this paper to be punctually served up, and

to be looked upon as a part of the Tea equipage.

SIR Francis Bacon observes, that a well-written book, compared with its rivals and antagonists, is like Moses's Serpent, that immediately swallowed up and devoured those of the Egyptians. I shall not be so vain as to think, that where the Spectator appears, the other publick prints will vanish; But shall leave it to my reader's consideration, whether, Is it not much better to be let into the knowledge of ones self, than to hear what passes in Muscovy or Poland; and to amuse our selves with such writings as tend to the wearing out of ignorance, passion, and prejudice, than such as naturally conduce to inslame hatreds, and make enmitties irreconcileable?

In the next place, I would recommend this paper to the daily perusal of those Gentlemen whom I cannot but consider as my good brothers and allies, I mean the fraternity of Spectators, who live in the world without having any thing to do in it; and either by the affluence of their fortunes, or laziness of their dispositions, have no other business with the rest of mankind, but to look upon them. Under this Class of men are comprehended all contemplative Tradesmen, titular Physicians, Fellows

# Nº 10. The SPECTATOR: 43

of the Royal-fociety, Templers that are not given to be contentious, and Statesmen that are out of business; in short, every one that considers the world as a Theatre, and desires to form a right judgement of those who are the actors on it.

There is another fet of men that I must likewise lay a claim to, whom I have lately called the Blanks of Society, as being altogether unsurnished with Ideas, till the business and conversation of the day has supplied them. I have often considered these poor souls with an eye of great commisseration, when I have heard them asking the first man they have met with, whether there was any news stirring? and by that means gathering together materials for thinking. These needy persons do not know what to talk of, till about twelve a clock in the morning; for by that time they are pretty good judges of the weather, know which way the wind sits, and whether the Dutch Mail be come in. As they lie at the mercy of the first man they meet, and are grave or impertinent all the day long, according to the notions which they have imbibed in the morning, I would earnestly entreat them not to stir out of their chambers till they have read this paper, and do promise them that I will daily instill into them such sound and wholesome sentiments, as shall have a good

effect on their conversation for the ensuing twelve hours.

But there are none to whom this paper will be more useful, than to the Female world. I have often thought there has not been fufficient pains taken in finding out proper employments and diversions for the Fair ones. Their amusements seem contrived for them, rather as they are Women, than as they are Reasonable creatures; and are more adapted to the Sex than to the Species. The Toilet is their great scene of business, and the right adjusting of their hair the principal employment of their lives. The forting of a fuit of Ribons is reckoned a very good morning's work; and if they make an excursion to a Mercer's or a Toyshop, fo great a fatigue makes them unfit for any thing else all the day after. Their more ferious occupations are fewing and embroidery, and their greatest drudgery the preparation of Jellies and Sweet-meats. This, I fay, is the state of ordinary women; though I know there are multitudes of those of a more elevated life and conversation, that move in an exalted sphere of Knowledge and Virtue, that join all the beauties of the mind to the ornaments of drefs, and inspire a kind of awe and respect, as well as love, into their Male-beholders. I hope to encrease the number of these by publishing this daily paper, which I shall always endeavour to make an innocent if not an improving entertainment, and by VOL. H. Kkk

# 434 The SPECTATOR. Nº 10.

that means at least divert the minds of my Female readers from greater trisles. At the same time, as I would fain give some sinishing touches to those which are already the most beautiful pieces in human nature, I shall endeavour to point out all those Impersections that are the blemishes, as well as those Virtues which are the embellishments of the Sex. In the mean while I hope these my gentle readers, who have so much time on their hands, will not grudge thowing away a quarter of an hour in a day on this paper, since they may do it without any hindrance to business.

I know several of my friends and well-wishers are in great pain for me, lest I should not be able to keep up the spirit of a paper which I oblige my self to furnish every day: But to make them easie in this particular, I will promise them faithfully to give it over as soon as I grow dull. This I know will be matter of great raillery to the small Wits; who will frequently put me in mind of my promise, desire me to keep my word, assure me that it is high time to give over, with many other little pleasantries of the like nature, which men of a little smart Genius cannot forbear throwing out against their best friends, when they have such a handle given them of being witty. But let them remember that I do hereby enter my caveat against this piece of raillery.

Nº 12. Wednesday, March 14.

----- Veteres avias tibi de pulmone revello.

Per.

A T my coming to London, it was fome time before I could fettle my felf in a house to my liking. I was forced to quit my first lodgings, by reason of an officious Landlady, that would be asking me every morning how I had slept. I then fell into an honest family, and lived very happily for above a week; when my Landlord, who was a jolly good-natured man, took it into his head that I wanted company, and therefore would frequently come into my chamber to keep me from being alone. This I bore for two or three days; but telling me one day that