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The Works Of The Right Honourable Joseph Addison, Esq.

In Four Volumes

Addison, Joseph London, 1721

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Studis rudis, sermone barbarus, impetu strenuus, manu promptus, cogitatione celer. Vell. Paterc.

FOR the honour of his Majesty, and the safety of his government, we cannot but observe, that those who have appeared the greatest enemies to both, are of that rank of men, who are commonly distinguished by the title of Fox-hunters. As several of these have had no part of their education in cities, camps, or courts, it is doubtful whether they are of greater ornament or use to the nation in which they live. It would be an everlasting reproach to politicks, should such men be able to overturn an establishment which has been formed by the wisest laws, and is supported by the ablest heads. The wrong notions and prejudices which cleave to many of these country-gentlemen, who have always lived out of the way of being better informed, are not easy to be con-

ceived by a person who has never conversed with them.

That I may give my Readers an image of these rural Statesmen, I shall, without farther preface, fet down an account of a discourse I chanced to have with one of them some time ago. I was travelling towards one of the remote parts of England, when about three a-clock in the afternoon, feeing a country-gentleman trotting before me with a Spaniel by his horse's side, I made up to him. Our conversation opened, as usual, upon the weather; in which we were very unanimous; having both agreed that it was too dry for the feafon of the year. My fellow-traveller, upon this, observed to me, that there had been no good weather since the Revolution. I was a little startled at fo extraordinary a remark, but would not interrupt him till he proceeded to tell me of the fine weather they used to have in King Charles the Second's reign. I only answered that I did not fee how the badness of the weather could be the King's fault; and, without waiting for his reply, asked him whose house it was we saw upon a rifing-ground at a little distance from us. He told me it belonged to an old fanatical cur, Mr. Such a one, You must have heard of Iii 2 bim;

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him, fays he, he's one of the Rump. I knew the Gentleman's character upon hearing his name, but affured him that to my knowledge he was a good Churchman: Ay! fays he with a kind of furprize, We were told in the country, that he spoke twice in the Queen's time against taking off the duties upon French claret. This naturally led us in the proceedings of late Parliaments, upon which occasion he affirmed roundly, that there had not been one good law passed since King William's accession to the throne, except the Act for preferving the game. I had a mind to fee him out, and therefore did not care for contradicting him. Is it not bard, fays he, that honest Gentlemen should be taken into Custody of Messengers to prevent them from acting according to their consciences? But, fays he, what can we expect when a parcel of factious sons of whores-He was going on in great passion, but chanced to miss his dog, who was amufing himself about a bush, that grew at some distance behind us. We stood still till he had whistled him up; when he fell into a long panegyrick upon his Spaniel, who feemed indeed excellent in his kind: but I found the most remarkable adventure of his life was, that he had once like to have worried a diffenting-teacher. The master could hardly sit on his horse for laughing all the while he was giving me the particulars of this story, which I found had mightily endeared his dog to him, and as he himself told me, had made him a great favourite among all the honest Gentlemen of the country. We were at length diverted from this piece of mirth by a post-boy, who winding his horn at us, my companion gave him two or three curses, and left the way clear for him. I fancy, faid I, that post brings news from Scotland. I shall long to see the next Gazette. Sir, fays he, I make it a rule never to believe any of your printed news. We never see, Sir, how things go, except now and then in Dyer's Letter, and I read that more for the style than the news. The man has a cleaver pen it must be owned. But is it not strange that we should be making war upon Church of England men, with Dutch and Swifs foldiers, men of antimonarchical principles? these foreigners will never be loved in England, Sir; they have not that wit and good-breeding that we have. I must confess I did not expect to hear my new acquaintance value himfelf upon these qualifications, but finding him such a Critick upon foreigners, I asked him if he had ever travelled; he told me, he did not know what travelling was good for, but to teach a man to ride the great horse, to jabber French, and to talk against Passiveobedience: to which he added, that he scarce ever knew a traveller in his life who had not forfook his principles, and lost his hunting-feat.

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For my part, fays he, I and my father before me have always been for Passive-obedience, and shall be always for opposing a Prince who makes use of Ministers that are of another opinion. But where do you intend to inn to night? (for we were now come in fight of the next town) I can help you to a very good Landlord if you will go along with me. He is a lufty jolly fellow, that lives well, at least three yards in the girt, and the best Church of England man upon the road. I had a curiofity to fee this High-church Inn-keeper, as well as to enjoy more of the conversation of my fellow-traveller, and therefore readily confented to fet our horses together for that night. As we rode fide by fide through the town, I was let into the characters of all the principal inhabitants whom we met in our way. One was a dog, another a whelp, another a cur, and another the fon of a bitch, under which feveral denominations were comprehended all that voted on the Whig fide in the last election of Burgesses. As for those of his own party, he distinguished them by a nod of his head, and asking them how they did by their christian names. Upon our arrival at the Inn, my companion fetched out the jolly Landlord, who knew him by his whiftle. Many endearments, and private whifpers passed between them; though it was easy to see, by the Landlord's scratching his head, that things did not go to their wishes. The Landlord had swelled his body to a prodigious fize, and worked up his complection to a standing crimfon by his zeal for the prosperity of the church, which he expressed every hour of the day, as his customers dropt in, by repeated bumpers. He had not time to go to church himself, but, as my friend told me in my ear, had headed a mob at the pulling down of two or three meeting-houfes. While supper was preparing, he enlarged upon the happiness of the neighbouring Shire; For, fays he, there is scarce a Presbyterian in the whole county, except the Bishop. In short, I found by his discourse that he had learned a great deal of politicks, but not one word of religion, from the Parson of his parish; and, indeed, that he had scarce any other notion of religion, but that it confifted in hating Presbyterians. I had a remarkable instance of his notions in this particular. Upon seeing a poor decrepid old woman pass under the window where we sate, he defired me to take notice of her; and afterwards informed me, that she was generally reputed a witch by the country people, but that, for his part, he was apt to believe fhe was a Presbyterian.

Supper was no fooner ferved in, than he took occasion, from a shoulder of mutton that lay before us, to cry up the plenty of *England*, which would be the happiest country in the world, provided we would live

within our felves. Upon which, he expatiated on the inconveniencies of trade, that carried from us the commodities of our country, and made a parcel of upstarts as rich as men of the most ancient families of England. He then declared frankly, that he had always been against all treaties and alliances with foreigners; Our wooden walls, fays he, are our fecurity, and we may bid defiance to the whole world, especially if they should attack us when the Militia is out. I ventured to reply, that I had as great an opinion of the English fleet as he had; but I could not fee how they could be payed, and manned, and fitted out, unless we encouraged trade and navigation. He replied, with fome vehemence, that he would undertake to prove, trade would be the ruin of the English nation. I would fain have put him upon it; but he contented himself with affirming it more eagerly, to which he added two or three curses upon the London Merchants, not forgetting the Directors of the Bank. After supper he asked me if I was an admirer of punch; and immediately called for a fneaker. I took this occasion to infinuate the advantages of trade, by obferving to him, that water was the only native of England that could be made use of on this occasion: but that the lemons, the brandy, the sugar, and the nutmeg, were all foreigners. This put him into some confusion; but the landlord, who overheard me, brought him off, by affirming, that for constant use, there was no liquor like a cup of English water, provided it had malt enough in it. My'Squire laughed heartily at the conceit, and made the Landlord sit down with us. We sate pretty late over our punch; and, amidst a great deal of improving discourse, drank the healths of several persons in the country, whom I had never heard of, that, they both affured me, were the ablest Statesmen in the nation: and of some Londoners, whom they extolled to the skies for their wit, and who, I knew, passed in town for filly fellows. It being now midnight, and my friend perceiving by his Almanack that the Moon was up, he called for his horfes, and took a fudden resolution to go to his house, which was at three miles distance from the town, after having bethought himself that he never flept well out of his own bed. He shook me very heartily by the hand at parting, and discovered a great air of satisfaction in his looks, that he had met with an opportunity of thewing his parts, and left me a much wifer man than he found me.

Friday,