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The Works Of The Right Honourable Joseph Addison, Esq.

In Four Volumes

Addison, Joseph London, 1721

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every thing in which he resides, infinite space gives room to infinite know-

ledge, and is, as it were, an organ to Omniscience.

Were the Soul separate from the body, and with one glance of thought should start beyond the bounds of the Creation, should it for millions of years continue its progress through infinite space with the same activity, it would still find it self within the embrace of its Creator, and encompassed round with the immensity of the Godhead. Whilst we are in the body he is not less present with us, because he is concealed from us. O that I knew where I might find him! says Job. Behold I go forward, but he is not there; and backward, but I cannot perceive him. On the less hand, where he does work, but I cannot behold him: he hideth himself on the right hand, that I cannot see him. In short, reason as well as revelation assured by us.

In this consideration of God Almighty's Omnipresence and Omniscience, every uncomfortable thought vanishes. He cannot but regard every thing that has Being, especially such of his creatures who fear they are not regarded by him. He is privy to all their thoughts, and to that anxiety of heart in particular, which is apt to trouble them on this occasion: for as it is impossible he should overlook any of his creatures, so we may be consident that he regards, with an eye of mercy, those who endeavour to recommend themselves to his notice, and in an unseigned humility of heart think themselves unworthy that he should be mindful of them.

N° 567. Wednesday, July 14.

---- Inceptus clamor frustratur biantes.

Virg.

Have received private advice from some of my correspondents, that if I would give my paper a general run, I should take care to season it with scandal. I have indeed observed of late, that sew writings fell which are not filled with great names and illustrious titles. The Reader generally casts his eye upon a new book, and if he finds several letters separated from one another by a dash, he buys it up, and peruses it with

with great fatisfaction. An M and an b, a T and an r, with a short line between them, has fold many an infipid pamphlet. Nay I have known a whole edition go off by vertue of two or three well written &c--'s.

A sprinkling of the words Faction, Frenchman, Papist, Plunderer, and the like fignificant terms, in an Italick character, hath also a very good effect upon the eye of the purchaser; not to mention Scribler, Liar, Rogue, Rascal, Knave, and Villain, without which it is impossible

to carry on a modern controversie.

Our party-writers are fo fensible of the secret virtue of an innuendo to recommend their productions, that of late they never mention the Qor P-t at length, though they fpeak of them with honour, and with that deference which is due to them from every private person. It gives a secret fatisfaction to the perufer of these mysterious works, that he is able to decipher them without help, and, by the strength of his own natural parts, to fill up a blank space, or make out a word that has only the first or last letter to it.

Some of our Authors indeed, when they would be more fatyrical than ordinary, omit only the vowels of a great man's name, and fall most unmercifully upon all the confonants. This way of writing was first of all introduced by T-m Br-wn of facetious memory, who, after having gutted a proper name of all its intermediate vowels, used to plant it in his works, and make as free with it as he pleafed, without any danger of

the statute.

That I may imitate these celebrated Authors, and publish a paper which shall be more taking than ordinary, I have here drawn up a very curious libel, in which a Reader of penetration will find a great deal of concealed fatyr, and if he be acquainted with the present posture of affairs, will

eafily discover the meaning of it.

" If there are four persons in the nation who endéavour to bring all " things into confusion, and ruin their native country, I think every ho-" nest Engl-sh-m-n ought to be upon his guard. That there are such, " every one will agree with me, who hears me name *** with his first if friend and favourite ***, not to mention *** nor ***. These people " may cry Ch-reh, Ch-rch, as long as they please, but, to make use of a " homely proverb, The proof of the p-dd-ng is in the eating. This I "am fure of, that if a certain Prince should concur with a certain Pre-" late, (and we have Monsieur Z, n's word for it) our posterity would be in a fweet p-ckle. Must the British Nation suffer forfooth, be-"cause my Lady Q-p-t-s has been diso'aliged? or is it reasonable that "our English fleet, which used to be the terror of the ocean, should lie wind-bound for the sake of a—. I love to speak out and declare my mind clearly, when I am talking for the good of my country. I will not make my court to an ill man, though he were a B—y or a "T—t. Nay, I would not stick to call so wretched a politician, a

" traitor, an enemy to his country, and a Bl-nd-rb-ss, &c. &c.

The remaining part of this political treatife, which is written after the manner of the most celebrated Authors in *Great Britain*, I may communicate to the publick at a more convenient feason. In the mean while I shall leave this with my curious Reader, as some ingenious writers do their Enigmas, and if any sagacious person can fairly unriddle it, I will print his explanation, and, if he pleases, acquaint the world with his name.

I hope this short essay will convince my Readers, it is not for want of abilities that I avoid State-tracts, and that if I would apply my mind to it, I might in a little time be as great a master of the political scratch as any the most eminent writer of the age. I shall only add, that in order to outshine all the modern race of Syncopists, and thoroughly content my English Readers, I intend shortly to publish a Spectator, that shall not have a single vowel in it.

Nº 568. Friday, July 16.

---- Dum recitas, incipit esse tuus.

Mart.

Was yesterday in a Cossee-house not far from the Royal-Exchange, where I observed three persons in close conference over a pipe of tobacco; upon which, having filled one for my own use, I lighted it at the little wax candle that stood before them; and after having thrown in two or three whiss amongst them, sat down and made one of the company. I need not tell my Reader, that lighting a man's pipe at the same candle, is looked upon among brother-smoakers as an overture to conversation and friendship. As we here laid our heads together in a very amicable manner, being intrenched under a cloud of our own raising, I