



UNIVERSITÄTS-
BIBLIOTHEK
PADERBORN

Die Statik im Stahlbetonbau

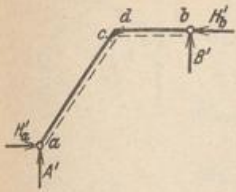
Beyer, Kurt

Berlin [u.a.], 1956

Dreifach statisch unbestimmte Rahmen

[urn:nbn:de:hbz:466:1-74292](https://nbn-resolving.org/urn:nbn:de:hbz:466:1-74292)

Tabelle 53. Halbrahmen mit waagrechttem Riegel.

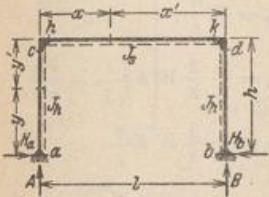


Mit den Werten $A, B, H_{a,b}, M$ der Tabelle 52 für den mit seiner Belastung um 90° gedrehten Halbrahmen ergibt sich:

$$\begin{aligned} A' &= H_b, \\ B' &= -H_a, \\ H'_a &= -B, \\ H'_b &= A, \\ M_{c,d} &= M_{a,b}. \end{aligned}$$

Dreifach statisch unbestimmte Rahmen.

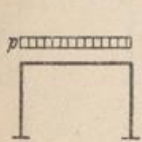
Tabelle 54. Symmetrischer Rahmen mit geradem Riegel.



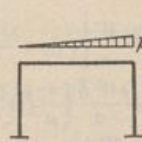
$$\xi = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \omega \text{ Tabelle 22 S. 116}, \quad \kappa = \frac{h J_3}{l J_h},$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \mu = 2 + \kappa, \quad \nu = 1 + 6\kappa,$$

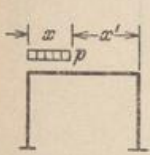
$M_{a,b} = M_{c,d}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben.



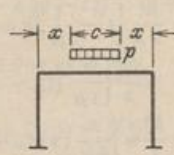
$$\begin{aligned} H_{a,b} &= \frac{1}{4\mu} \frac{p l^2}{h}, \\ M_{a,b} &= \frac{p l^2}{12\mu}, \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{p l^2}{6\mu}. \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} H_{a,b} &= \frac{1}{8\mu} \frac{p l^2}{h}, \\ M_{a,b} &= \frac{p l^2}{120} \left(\frac{5}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right), \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{p l^2}{120} \left(\frac{10}{\mu} \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \right). \end{aligned}$$

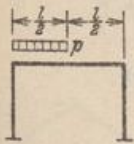


$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= \frac{1}{\mu} (3\xi^2 - 2\xi^3), \\ H_{a,b} &= \frac{1}{4} \frac{p l^2}{h} \Phi, \\ M_{a,b} &= \frac{p l^2}{12} \left(\Phi \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right), \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{p l^2}{12} \left(2\Phi \pm \frac{3}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right). \end{aligned}$$

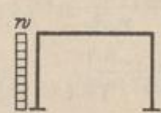


$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= \frac{1}{2\mu} (3\xi - \xi^3), \\ H_{a,b} &= \frac{1}{4} \frac{p l^2}{h} \Phi, \\ M_{a,b} &= \frac{p l^2}{12} \Phi, \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{p l^2}{6} \Phi. \end{aligned}$$

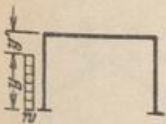
$$\zeta = \frac{c}{l}.$$



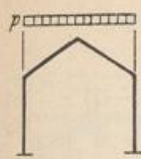
$$\begin{aligned} H_{a,b} &= \frac{1}{8\mu} \frac{p l^2}{h}, \\ M_{a,b} &= \frac{p l^2}{24} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \frac{3}{8\nu} \right), \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{p l^2}{24} \left(\frac{2}{\mu} \pm \frac{3}{8\nu} \right). \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} H_{a,b} &= -\frac{w h}{4} \left(1 \pm 2 + \frac{1}{2\mu} \right), \\ M_{a,b} &= -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{3+\kappa}{6\mu} \pm \left(1 - \frac{2\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right], \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{w h^2}{4} \kappa \left(\frac{1}{6\mu} \mp \frac{2}{\nu} \right). \end{aligned}$$



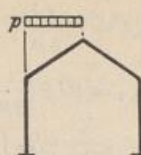
$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_\varphi, \\ H_{a,b} &= -\frac{w h}{4} \left\{ 2\eta \pm 2\eta - \eta^2 - \frac{1}{\mu} [\kappa \omega_\varphi - (1 + \kappa) \Phi] \right\}, \\ M_{a,b} &= -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{1}{3\mu} [(3 + 2\kappa) \Phi - \kappa \omega_\varphi] \pm \eta^2 \left(1 - 2\eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right], \\ M_{c,d} &= -\frac{w h^2}{4} \kappa \left[\frac{1}{3\mu} (2\omega_\varphi - \Phi) \mp \frac{\eta^2}{\nu} \right]. \end{aligned}$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{24} \frac{\varrho \lambda}{\mu} (5 \varphi \psi_1 + 8),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{24 \mu} [5 \varphi \psi_2 + 8(\varrho - 1)],$$

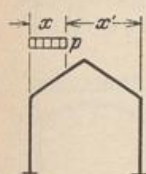
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{24 \mu} (5 \varphi \varrho + 8).$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{48} \frac{\lambda \varrho}{\mu} (5 \varphi \psi_1 + 8),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{96} \left\{ \frac{2}{\mu} [5 \varphi \psi_2 + 8(\varrho - 1)] \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \right\}$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{96} \left[\frac{2}{\mu} (5 \varphi \varrho + 8) \pm \frac{3}{\nu} \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{6} \frac{\varrho \lambda}{\mu} \xi^2 [(\varphi \psi_1 (3 - 2 \xi^2) + 2(3 - 2 \xi))],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{6} \xi^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varphi \psi_2 (3 - 2 \xi^2) + 2(3 - 2 \xi)(\varrho - 1)] \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \xi'^2 \right\},$$

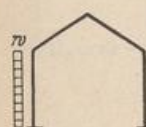
$$x \leq \frac{l}{2}: M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{6} \xi^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varphi \varrho (3 - 2 \xi^2) + 2(3 - 2 \xi)] \pm \frac{3}{\nu} \xi'^2 \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{wh}{2} \eta \left\{ \pm 1 + 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{6 \mu} \eta^2 [\psi_1 (4 - \eta) - 4] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{wh^2}{12} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \eta [\psi_2 (4 - \eta) - 4(\varrho - 1)] - 3 \mp \left(3 - 6 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{wh^2}{12} \kappa \eta^3 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varrho (4 - \eta) - 4] \mp \frac{6}{\nu} \right\}.$$

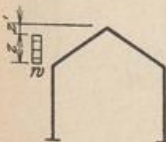


$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{wh}{2} \left[\pm 1 + 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{6 \mu} (3 \psi_1 - 4) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{wh^2}{12} \left\{ \frac{\kappa}{\mu} [3 \psi_2 - 4(\varrho - 1)] - 3 \mp \left(3 - 6 \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{wh^2}{12} \kappa \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (3 \varrho - 4) \mp \frac{6}{\nu} \right].$$

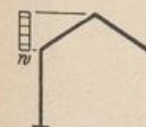
$$\Phi_1 = 1 + \zeta' + \zeta'^2, \quad \Phi_2 = (1 + \zeta') (1 - \zeta'^2),$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{wf}{2} \zeta \left\{ \pm 1 + \frac{\varphi \varrho}{6 \mu} [(3 \varphi \psi_1 + 4) \Phi_1 - \varphi \psi_1 \zeta'^3] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{wf^2}{24} \left\{ \frac{2}{\mu} [3 \varphi \psi_2 + 4(\varrho - 1)] \Phi_1 + \varphi \varrho \left(1 - \frac{2 \psi_1}{\mu} \right) \zeta'^3 \pm \left[\frac{12}{\varphi} - \frac{3}{\nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - \Phi_2 \right) \right] \right\}$$

$$M_{c,d} = \frac{wf^2}{24} \zeta \left[\frac{2}{\mu} (3 \varphi \varrho + 4) \Phi_1 - \varphi \varrho \zeta'^3 \pm \frac{3}{\nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - \Phi_2 \right) \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{wf}{2} \left[\pm 1 + \frac{\varphi \varrho}{6 \mu} (3 \varphi \psi_1 + 4) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{wf^2}{24} \left\{ \frac{2}{\mu} [3 \varphi \psi_2 + 4(\varrho - 1)] \pm \left[\frac{12}{\varphi} - \frac{3}{\nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 \right) \right] \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = \frac{wf^2}{24} \left[\frac{2}{\mu} (3 \varphi \varrho + 4) \pm \frac{3}{\nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 \right) \right].$$

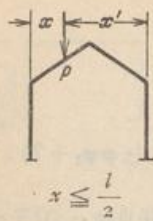


$y = h: \eta = 1$

$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{wh}{4} \eta \left\{ \pm 1 + 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{15 \mu} \eta^2 [\psi_1 (5 - \eta) - 5] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{wh^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{2 \kappa}{\mu} \eta [\psi_2 (5 - \eta) - 5(\varrho - 1)] - 10 \mp \left(10 - 15 \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \eta \right) \right\},$$

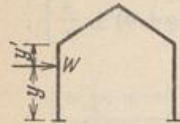
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{wh^2}{120} \kappa \eta^3 \left\{ \frac{2}{\mu} [\varrho (5 - \eta) - 5] \mp \frac{15}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = P \frac{\varrho \lambda}{3 \mu} \xi [\varphi \psi_1 (3 - 4 \xi^2) + 6 \xi'],$$

$$M_{a,b} = P l \xi \left\{ \frac{1}{3 \mu} [\varphi \psi_2 (3 - 4 \xi^2) + 6 (\varrho - 1) \xi'] \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \xi' (\xi' - \xi) \right\},$$

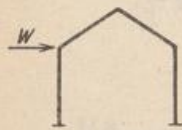
$$M_{c,d} = -P l \xi \left\{ \frac{1}{3 \mu} [\varphi \varrho (3 - 4 \xi^2) + 6 \xi'] \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \xi' (\xi' - \xi) \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left\{ \pm 1 + 1 - \frac{2 \kappa \varrho}{3 \mu} \eta^2 [\psi_1 (3 - \eta) - 3] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{W h}{2} \eta \left\{ \frac{2 \kappa}{3 \mu} \eta [\psi_2 (3 - \eta) - 3 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \pm \left(\frac{3}{\nu} \kappa \eta - 1 \right) \right\},$$

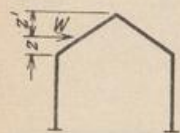
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{W h}{6} \kappa \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{2}{\mu} [\varrho (3 - \eta) - 3] \mp \frac{9}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left[\pm 1 + \frac{2 \varphi \varrho}{3 \mu} (2 \varphi \psi_1 + 3) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{2 \varphi}{3 \mu} [2 \varphi \psi_2 + 3 (\varrho - 1)] \mp \left(\frac{3 \kappa}{\nu} - 1 \right) \right\},$$

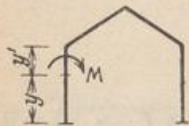
$$M_{c,d} = \frac{W h}{2} \left[\frac{2 \varphi}{3 \mu} (2 \varphi \varrho + 3) \pm \frac{3 \kappa}{\nu} \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left\{ \pm 1 + \frac{2 \varphi \varrho}{3 \mu} \zeta'^2 [\varphi \psi_1 (3 - \zeta') + 3] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{2 \varphi}{3 \mu} \zeta'^2 [\varphi \psi_2 (3 - \zeta') + 3 (\varrho - 1)] \pm \left[1 - \frac{1}{\nu} (3 \kappa - \varphi (2 - \zeta) \omega_R(\zeta)) \right] \right\},$$

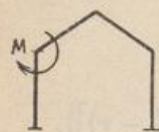
$$M_{c,d} = \frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{2 \varphi}{3 \mu} \zeta'^2 [\varphi \varrho (3 - \zeta') + 3] \pm \frac{1}{\nu} [3 \kappa - \varphi (2 - \zeta) \omega_R(\zeta)] \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M \kappa \varrho}{h \mu} \eta [\psi_1 (2 - \eta) - 2],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{2 \kappa \eta}{\mu} [\psi_2 (2 - \eta) - 2 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 6 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

$$M_{h,k} = -M \kappa \eta \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varrho (2 - \eta) - 2] \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M \kappa \varrho}{h \mu} (\psi_1 - 2),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{2 \kappa}{\mu} [\psi_2 - 2 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left[1 - \frac{6 \kappa}{\nu} \right] \right\},$$

$$M_{h,k} = -M \kappa \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (\varrho - 2) \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \right].$$

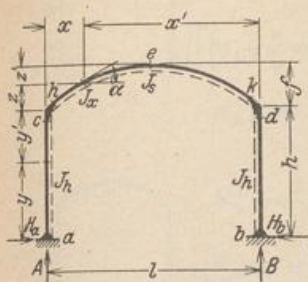


$$H_{a,b} = \varrho \left(2 \frac{\varrho}{\mu} + \frac{1}{\kappa - \varphi} \right) \frac{l}{s} \frac{E J_s}{h^2} \alpha_t t,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \varrho \left[\frac{2}{\mu} (\varrho - 1) + \frac{1}{\kappa - \varphi} \right] \frac{l}{s} \frac{E J_s}{h} \alpha_t t,$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{2 \varrho}{\mu} \frac{l}{s} \frac{E J_s}{h} \alpha_t t.$$

Tabelle 56. Symmetrischer Rahmen mit parabolisch gekrümmtem Riegel.



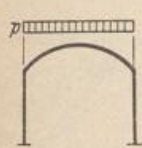
$$\xi = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \zeta = \frac{z}{f}, \quad \varphi = \frac{f}{h}, \quad \frac{J_a}{J_x \cos \alpha} = 1,$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \zeta' = \frac{z'}{f}, \quad \kappa = \frac{h}{l} \frac{J_a}{J_h}, \quad \varrho = \frac{5}{2} \frac{3\kappa - 2\varphi}{5\kappa + 4\varphi^2},$$

$$\mu = 3(1 + 2\kappa) - \varrho(3\kappa - 2\varphi), \quad \psi_1 = 3 \frac{1 + 2\kappa}{3\kappa - 2\varphi},$$

$$\nu = 1 + 6\kappa, \quad \psi_2 = (\psi_1 - 1)\varrho,$$

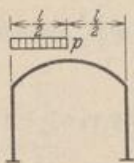
$M_{h, \kappa} = M_{e, \varrho}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben.



$$H_{a, b} = \frac{p l^2 \varrho}{20 h \mu} (4 \varphi \psi_1 + 5),$$

$$M_{a, b} = + \frac{p l^2}{20 \mu} [4 \varphi \psi_2 + 5(\varrho - 1)],$$

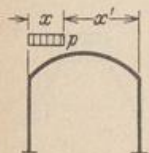
$$M_{c, d} = - \frac{p l^2}{20 \mu} (4 \varphi \varrho + 5).$$



$$H_{a, b} = \frac{p l^2 \varrho}{40 h \mu} [4 \varphi \psi_1 + 5],$$

$$M_{a, b} = + \frac{p l^2}{40 \mu} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [4 \varphi \psi_2 + 5(\varrho - 1)] \mp \frac{5}{8 \nu} \right\},$$

$$M_{c, d} = - \frac{p l^2}{40 \mu} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (4 \varphi \varrho + 5) \pm \frac{5}{8 \nu} \right].$$

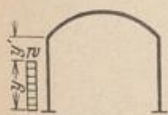


$$\Phi_1 = (5 - 5 \xi^2 + 2 \xi^3), \quad \Phi_2 = (3 - 2 \xi),$$

$$H_{a, b} = \frac{p l^2 \varrho}{20 h \mu} \xi^2 [2 \varphi \psi_1 \Phi_1 + 5 \Phi_2],$$

$$M_{a, b} = + \frac{p l^2}{20 \mu} \xi^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [2 \varphi \psi_2 \Phi_1 + 5(\varrho - 1) \Phi_2] \mp \frac{5}{\nu} \xi'^2 \right\},$$

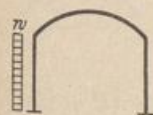
$$M_{c, d} = - \frac{p l^2}{20 \mu} \xi^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [2 \varphi \varrho \Phi_1 + 5 \Phi_2] \pm \frac{5}{\nu} \xi'^2 \right\}.$$



$$H_{a, b} = - \frac{w h}{2} \eta \left\{ 1 \pm 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{4 \mu} \eta^2 [\psi_1 (4 - \eta) - 4] \right\},$$

$$M_{a, b} = + \frac{w h^2}{4} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{\kappa \eta}{2 \mu} [\psi_2 (4 - \eta) - 4(\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 2 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

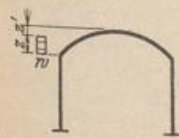
$$M_{c, d} = - \frac{w h^2}{4} \kappa \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{2 \mu} [\varrho (4 - \eta) - 4] \mp \frac{2}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a, b} = - \frac{w h}{2} \left[1 \pm 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{4 \mu} (3 \psi_1 - 4) \right],$$

$$M_{a, b} = + \frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{\kappa}{2 \mu} [3 \psi_2 - 4(\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - \frac{2 \kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

$$M_{c, d} = - \frac{w h^2}{4} \kappa \left[\frac{1}{2 \mu} (3 \varrho - 4) \mp \frac{2}{\nu} \right].$$

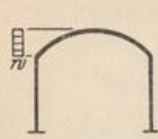


$$\Phi_1 = (1 - \zeta'^2), \quad \Phi_2 = (1 - \zeta'^2),$$

$$H_{a, b} = - \frac{w f}{2} \left\{ \pm \zeta + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\varphi \varrho}{\mu} \left[(\varphi \psi_1 + 1) \Phi_1 - \frac{1}{7} \varphi \psi_1 \Phi_2 \right] \right\},$$

$$M_{a, b} = - w f^2 \left\{ \frac{2}{5 \mu} [(\varphi \psi_2 + \varrho - 1) \Phi_1 - \frac{\varphi \psi_2}{7} \Phi_2] \pm \zeta \left[\frac{1}{2 \varphi} - \frac{1}{8 \nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 + \zeta'^2 \right) \right] \right\},$$

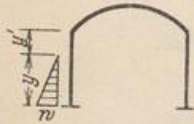
$$M_{c, d} = w f^2 \left\{ \frac{2}{5 \mu} [(\varphi \varrho + 1) \Phi_1 - \frac{\varphi \varrho}{7} \Phi_2] \pm \frac{1}{8 \nu} \zeta \left[12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 + \zeta'^2 \right] \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{w f}{2} \left[\pm 1 + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\varphi \varrho}{\mu} \left(\frac{6}{7} \varphi \psi_1 + 1 \right) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -w f^2 \left\{ \frac{2}{5 \mu} \left[\frac{6}{7} \varphi \psi_2 + (\varrho - 1) \right] \pm \left[\frac{1}{2 \varphi} - \frac{1}{8 \nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 \right) \right] \right\},$$

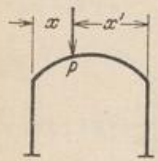
$$M_{c,d} = w f^2 \left[\frac{2}{5 \mu} \left(\frac{6}{7} \varphi \varrho + 1 \right) \pm \frac{1}{8 \nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 \right) \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{w h}{4} \eta \left\{ 1 \pm 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho \eta^2}{10 \mu} [\psi_1 (5 - \eta) - 5] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = +\frac{w h^2}{40} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{\kappa \eta}{\mu} [\psi_2 (5 - \eta) - 5 (\varrho - 1)] - \frac{10}{3} \mp \left(\frac{10}{3} - 5 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

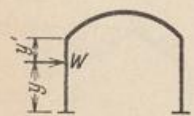
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \kappa \eta^3 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varrho (5 - \eta) - 5] \mp \frac{5}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{P l}{2 h \mu} (2 \varphi \psi_1 \omega'_p + 3 \omega_R),$$

$$M_{a,b} = +\frac{P l}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [2 \varphi \psi_2 \omega'_p + 3 (\varrho - 1) \omega_R] \mp \frac{1}{\nu} (\xi' - \xi) \omega_R \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2 \varphi \varrho \omega'_p + 3 \omega_R) \pm \frac{1}{\nu} (\xi' - \xi) \omega_R \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left\{ 1 \pm 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{\mu} \eta^2 [\psi_1 (3 - \eta) - 3] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = +\frac{W h}{2} \eta \left\{ \frac{\kappa \eta}{\mu} [\psi_2 (3 - \eta) - 3 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 3 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

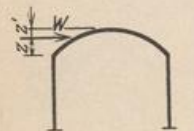
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{W h}{2} \kappa \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varrho (3 - \eta) - 3] \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left[1 \pm 1 - \frac{\kappa \varrho}{\mu} (2 \psi_1 - 3) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = +\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{\kappa}{\mu} [2 \psi_2 - 3 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 3 \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

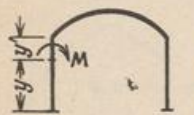
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{W h}{2} \kappa \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2 \varrho - 3) \mp \frac{3}{\nu} \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{W}{2} \left\{ \pm 1 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\varphi \varrho}{\mu} \zeta'^{\frac{3}{2}} [\varphi \psi_1 (5 - \zeta') + 5] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -W f \left\{ \frac{\zeta'^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5 \mu} [\varphi \psi_2 (5 - \zeta') + 5 (\varrho - 1)] \pm \left[\frac{1}{2 \varphi} - \frac{1}{8 \nu} \left(12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 - 2 \zeta' + 3 \zeta'^2 \right) \right] \right\},$$

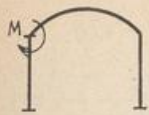
$$M_{c,d} = W f \left\{ \frac{\zeta'^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5 \mu} [\varphi \varrho (5 - \zeta') + 5] \pm \frac{1}{8 \nu} \left[12 \frac{\kappa}{\varphi} - 1 - 2 \zeta' + 3 \zeta'^2 \right] \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{M \kappa \varrho}{h \mu} \eta [\psi_1 (2 - \eta) - 2],$$

$$M_{a,b} = +\frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{3 \kappa \eta}{\mu} [\psi_2 (2 - \eta) - 2 (\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 6 \eta \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

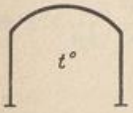
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{3}{2} M \kappa \eta \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\varrho (2 - \eta) - 2] \mp \frac{2}{\nu} \right\}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{M \kappa \varrho}{h \mu} (\psi_1 - 2),$$

$$M_{a,b} = + \frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{3 \kappa}{\mu} [\psi_2 - 2(\varrho - 1)] - 1 \mp \left(1 - 6 \frac{\kappa}{\nu} \right) \right\},$$

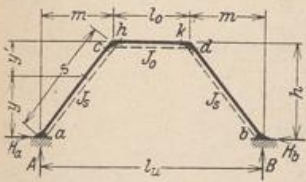
$$M_{h,k} = - \frac{3}{2} M \kappa \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (\varrho - 2) \mp \frac{2}{\nu} \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3 \varrho \psi_1 E J_s}{\mu h^2} \alpha_i t,$$

$$M_{a,b} = + \frac{3 \psi_2 E J_s}{\mu h} \alpha_i t, \quad M_{c,d} = - \frac{3 \varrho E J_s}{\mu h} \alpha_i t.$$

Tabelle 57. Symmetrischer Rahmen mit schrägen Pfosten.



$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \lambda_1 = \frac{m}{l_u}, \quad \lambda' = \frac{l'_0}{l_u}, \quad \kappa = \frac{l'_0 J_s}{s J_0},$$

$$\eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \lambda_2 = \frac{m}{l_o}, \quad \lambda'' = \frac{l_u}{l_o}, \quad \mu = 1 + 2 \kappa,$$

$$\nu = \kappa \lambda'^2 + 2(1 + \lambda' + \lambda'^2), \quad \omega \text{ Tabelle 22, S. 116.}$$

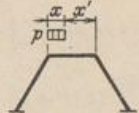
$M_{h,k} = M_{c,d}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben.



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{4 h} \left(\frac{\kappa}{\mu} + 2 \lambda_2 \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{12} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{c,d} = - \frac{p l_0^2}{6} \frac{\kappa}{\mu}.$$



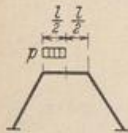
$$\Phi = \frac{\omega_R}{\nu} [\lambda'^2 \kappa \omega_R - 2 \lambda_1 (2 + \lambda')],$$

$$\psi = 3 \xi^2 - 2 \xi^3,$$

$$\xi = \frac{x}{l_0}, \quad \xi' = \frac{x'}{l_0}, \quad H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{4 h} \left(\frac{\kappa}{\mu} \psi + 2 \lambda_2 \xi \right),$$

$$M_{c,d} = - \frac{p l_0^2}{4} \left(\frac{2 \kappa}{3 \mu} \psi \pm \Phi \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{4} \left[\frac{\kappa}{3 \mu} \psi \mp (2 \lambda_2 \omega_R + \lambda'' \Phi) \right].$$

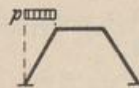


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{8 \nu} [\lambda'^2 \kappa - 8 \lambda_1 (2 + \lambda')],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{8 h} \left(\frac{\kappa}{\mu} + 2 \lambda_2 \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^2}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa}{3 \mu} \mp (\lambda_2 + \lambda'' \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = - \frac{p l_0^2}{8} \left(\frac{2 \kappa}{3 \mu} \pm \Phi \right).$$

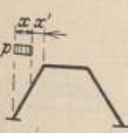


$$\Phi = \frac{2 - \lambda_1}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p m^2}{4 h} \left(1 - \frac{\kappa}{2 \mu} \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = - \frac{p m^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3 \kappa}{6 \mu} \pm (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = - \frac{p m^2}{4} \left(\frac{1}{6 \mu} \mp \lambda' \Phi \right).$$




$$\Phi = \frac{\xi^3}{\nu} (2 - \lambda_1 \xi), \quad \psi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega_\varphi,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p m^2}{4 h} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\omega_\varphi - (1 + \kappa) \psi] + \xi^2 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = - \frac{p m^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3 \mu} [(2 + 3 \kappa) \psi - \omega_\varphi] \pm (\xi^2 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = - \frac{p m^2}{4} \left[\frac{1}{3 \mu} (2 \omega_\varphi - \psi) \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$

$\xi = \frac{x}{m}, \quad \xi' = \frac{x'}{m}$

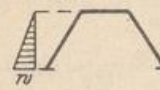


$$\Phi = \frac{2 - \lambda_1}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{w h}{4} \left(1 \pm 2 + \frac{\kappa}{2\mu} \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3\kappa}{6\mu} \pm (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left(\frac{1}{6\mu} \mp \lambda' \Phi \right).$$

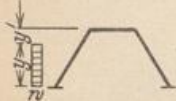


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (5 - 2 \lambda_1),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{40} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} - 8 \mp 10 \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \left[\frac{2\kappa}{3\mu} + 1 \pm \left(\frac{10}{3} - \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \left(\frac{2}{3\mu} \mp \lambda' \Phi \right).$$

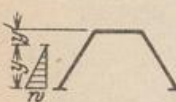


$$\Phi = \frac{\eta^3}{\nu} (2 - \lambda_1 \eta), \quad \omega''_{\varphi} = \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_{\varphi},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\omega_{\varphi} - (1 + \kappa) \omega''_{\varphi}] - 2 \eta \mp 2 \eta + \eta^2 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa) \omega''_{\varphi} - \omega_{\varphi}] \pm (\eta^2 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3\mu} [2 \omega_{\varphi} - \omega''_{\varphi}] \mp \lambda' \Phi \right\}.$$

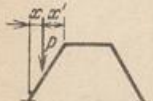


$$\Phi = \frac{\eta}{\nu} (5 - 2 \lambda_1 \eta),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{40} \eta \left\{ \frac{\eta^2}{\mu} [5(1 + \kappa) - \eta(2 + \kappa)] - 10 \mp 10 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{w h^2}{40} \eta^2 \left[\frac{\eta}{3\mu} (1 + \kappa) (5 - 3\eta) + \frac{5}{3} \eta - \frac{10}{3} \mp \left(\frac{10}{3} - \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \eta^2 \left[\frac{\eta}{3\mu} (5 - 3\eta) \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$



$$\Phi = \frac{\xi^2}{\nu} (3 - 2 \lambda_1 \xi),$$

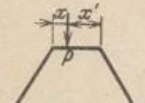
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{P m}{2 h} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\omega_D - (1 + \kappa) \omega'_D] + \xi \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{P m}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega'_D - \omega_R] \pm (\xi - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P m}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (\omega_D - \omega_R) \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$

$$\xi = \frac{x}{m}$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{m}$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1 - 2 \xi}{\nu} [\lambda'^2 \kappa \omega_R - \lambda_1 (2 + \lambda')],$$

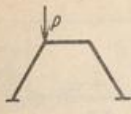
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{P l_0}{2 h} \left[\frac{3\kappa}{\mu} \omega_R + \lambda_2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{P l_0}{2 h} \left\{ \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \omega_R \mp [\lambda_2 (1 - 2 \xi) + \lambda' \Phi] \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l_0}{2} \left(\frac{2 \kappa}{\mu} \omega_R \pm \Phi \right).$$

$$\xi = \frac{x}{l_0}$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l_0}$$

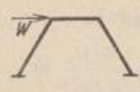


$$\Phi = \frac{2 + \lambda'}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{P m}{2 h},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \mp \frac{P m}{2} (1 - \Phi),$$

$$M_{c,d} = \pm \frac{P m}{2} \lambda' \Phi.$$

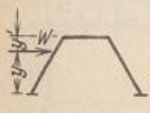


$$\Phi = \frac{2 + \lambda'}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \mp \frac{W}{2},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \mp \frac{W h}{2} (1 - \Phi),$$

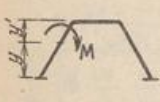
$$M_{c,d} = \pm \frac{W h}{2} \lambda' \Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{\eta^2}{\nu} (3 - 2 \lambda_1 \eta), \quad H_{a,b} = \frac{W}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [\omega_D - (1 + \kappa) \omega'_D] - \eta' \mp 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega'_D - \omega_R] \pm (\eta - \Phi) \right\},$$

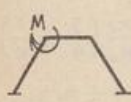
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (\omega_D - \omega_R) \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$



$$\Phi = \frac{6 \eta}{\nu} (1 - \lambda_1 \eta), \quad H_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2 h} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega'_M + \omega_M] - 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{3 \mu} [(2 + 3 \kappa) \omega'_M + \omega_M] \pm (1 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{1}{3 \mu} (2 \omega_M + \omega'_M) \pm \lambda' \Phi \right].$$

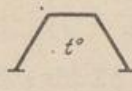


$$\Phi = \frac{6}{\nu} (1 - \lambda_1),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{M \kappa}{h \mu},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa}{\mu} \mp (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \pm \lambda' \Phi \right).$$



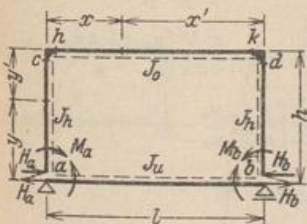
$$\Phi = \frac{3}{\mu} \frac{l_u}{h} \frac{E J_s}{s} \alpha_1 t,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{2 + \kappa}{h} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = (1 + \kappa) \Phi,$$

$$M_{h,k} = -\Phi.$$

Tabelle 58. Geschlossener, symmetrischer Rechteckrahmen.

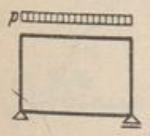


$$\xi = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \kappa_o = \frac{h}{l} \frac{J_o}{J_h}, \quad \kappa_u = \frac{h}{l} \frac{J_u}{J_h},$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \mu = (2 + \kappa_o) + \frac{3 + 2 \kappa_o}{\kappa_u}, \quad \nu = 1 + 6 \kappa_o + \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u},$$

$M_{h,k} = M_{c,d}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben. ω Tabelle 22 S. 116.

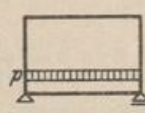
Gleichmäßige Temperaturänderung erzeugt keine Schnittkräfte.



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{12 \mu},$$

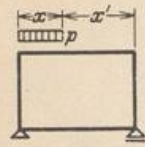
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{12} \frac{3 + 2 \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{12} \frac{3 + 2 \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{12 \mu} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u}.$$



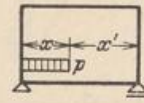
$$\Phi = 3 \xi^2 - 2 \xi^3,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3\mu} \Phi \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{4} \left(\frac{3+2\kappa_u}{3\mu \kappa_u} \Phi \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right).$$

$x = \frac{l}{2} : \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \omega_R^2 = \frac{1}{16}.$



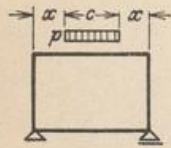
$$\Phi = 3 \xi^2 - 2 \xi^3,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{4} \left(\frac{3+2\kappa_o}{3\mu \kappa_u} \pm \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{1}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{4} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \left(\frac{1}{3\mu} \Phi \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right).$$

$x = \frac{l}{2} : \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \omega_R^2 = \frac{1}{16}.$



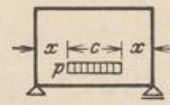
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} (3 \zeta - \zeta^3),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{12} \frac{1}{\mu} \Phi,$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{12} \frac{3+2\kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi.$$

$\zeta = \frac{c}{l}$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} (3 \zeta - \zeta^3),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{4} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{12} \frac{3+2\kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \Phi,$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{12} \frac{1}{\mu} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \Phi.$$

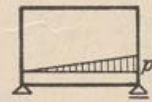
$\zeta = \frac{c}{l}$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{8} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{120} \left(\frac{5}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right),$$

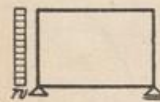
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{120} \left(\frac{5}{\mu} \frac{3+2\kappa_u}{\kappa_u} \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \right).$$



$$M_{a,b} = \frac{pl^2}{120} \left(\frac{5}{\mu} \frac{3+2\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \mp \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{1}{\nu} \right),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{pl^2}{120} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \left(\frac{5}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{pl}{8} \frac{l}{h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u}.$$

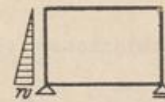


$$\Phi = \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{1 + 2\kappa_u}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{2\mu} \frac{\kappa_o - \kappa_u}{\kappa_u} \mp 2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{3+\kappa_o}{6\mu} \pm (1-\Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{3+\kappa_u}{6\mu} \mp \Phi \right].$$

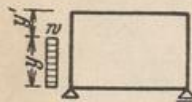


$$\Phi = \frac{5}{\nu} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (2 + 3\kappa_u),$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \left[\frac{8+3\kappa_o}{\mu} \pm (10-\Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{7+2\kappa_o}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \left(7 \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} - \kappa_o - 8 \right) - 20 \mp 30 \right].$$

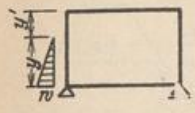


$$\Phi = \eta^2 \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \frac{1 + 2\eta \kappa_u}{\nu}, \quad \psi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_\varphi,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (1 + \kappa_u) \omega_\varphi - (1 + \kappa_o) \psi + \eta^2 \right] - 2 \eta (1 \pm 1) \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3\mu} [(3 + 2\kappa_o) \psi - \kappa_o \omega_\varphi] \pm (\eta^2 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3\mu} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (3 + 2\kappa_o) \omega_\varphi - \kappa_o \psi \right] \mp \Phi \right\}.$$

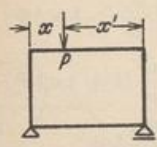


$$\Phi = \frac{5}{v} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (2 + 3 \eta \kappa_u),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \eta \left\{ \frac{\eta}{\mu} \left[10 \left(\frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} - \kappa_o - 2 \right) + 15 \eta (1 + \kappa_o) - 3 \eta^2 (1 + 2 \kappa_o + \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u}) \right] + 10 \eta - 30 \mp 30 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [10(2 + \kappa_o) - 5 \eta(3 + 2 \kappa_o) + 3 \eta^2(1 + \kappa_o)] \pm (10 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{\kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} [10 + 5 \eta \kappa_u - 3 \eta^2(1 + \kappa_u)] \mp \Phi \right\}.$$

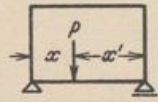


$$\Phi = \frac{1 - 2 \xi}{v},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3 P l}{2 h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u} \omega_R,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{P l}{2} \omega_R \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l}{2} \omega_R \left[\frac{3 + 2 \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u} \pm \Phi \right].$$

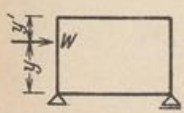


$$\Phi = \frac{1 - 2 \xi}{v} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3 P l}{2 h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_o} \omega_R,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{P l}{2} \omega_R \left[\frac{3 + 2 \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \pm \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l}{2} \omega_R \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \mp \Phi \right].$$



$$\Phi = \frac{\eta}{v} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (1 + 3 \eta \kappa_u),$$

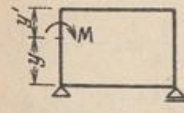
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{W}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} \left[(1 + \kappa_u) \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \omega_D - (1 + \kappa_o) \omega_D' \right] + \eta - 1 \mp 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} \left[(1 + \kappa_o) \omega_D' - \kappa_o \omega_R \right] \pm (\eta - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{W h}{2} \left\{ \frac{\kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u} \left[(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_D - \kappa_u \omega_R \right] \mp \Phi \right\}.$$

$$y = h: \quad \Phi = \frac{\kappa_o (1 + 3 \kappa_u)}{\kappa_u v}, \quad H_{a,b} = \mp \frac{W}{2},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \mp \frac{W h}{2} (1 - \Phi), \quad M_{c,d} = \pm \frac{W h}{2} \Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{v} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} (1 + 6 \eta \kappa_u),$$


$$H_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2 h} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} \left[(1 + \kappa_o) \omega_M' + \kappa_o \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\kappa_u} \omega_M \right] - 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{3 \mu} \left[(3 + 2 \kappa_o) \omega_M + \kappa_o \omega_M \right] \pm (1 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{\kappa_o}{3 \mu \kappa_u} \left[(3 + 2 \kappa_u) \omega_M + \kappa_u \omega_M' \right] \pm \Phi \right\}.$$

$$y = h: \quad H_{a,b} = \frac{3 M}{2 h} \frac{1 + \kappa_u}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \frac{1}{v} \right), \quad M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa_o (2 + \kappa_u)}{\mu \kappa_u} \mp \left(\frac{1}{v} - 1 \right) \right].$$



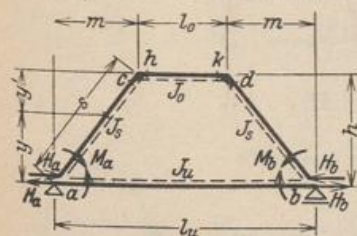
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3 M}{2 h} \frac{1 + \kappa_o}{\mu \kappa_u},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{2 + \kappa_o}{\mu} \pm \left(1 - \frac{\kappa_o}{v \kappa_u} \right) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{M}{2} \frac{\kappa_o}{\kappa_u} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \frac{1}{v} \right],$$

M_a am Riegel.

Tabelle 59. Geschlossener, symmetrischer Trapezrahmen.

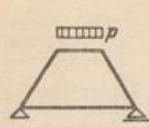


$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \lambda_1 = \frac{m}{l_u}, \quad \lambda' = \frac{l_o}{l_u}, \quad \omega \text{ Tabelle 22 S. 116.}$$

$$\eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \lambda_2 = \frac{m}{l_o}, \quad \lambda'' = \frac{l_u}{l_o}, \quad \kappa_o = \frac{l_o J_s}{s J_o}, \quad \kappa_u = \frac{l_u J_s}{s J_u},$$

$$\mu = (2 + 3 \kappa_o)(2 + 3 \kappa_u) - 1, \quad v = \kappa_o \lambda'^2 + \kappa_u + 2(1 + \lambda' + \lambda'^2),$$

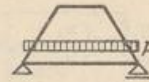
$M_{h,k} = M_{c,d}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben.
Gleichmäßige Temperaturänderung erzeugt keine Schnittkräfte.



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{2 h} \left[\frac{3 \kappa_0}{2 \mu} \kappa_0 (1 + \kappa_u) + \lambda_2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_0,$$

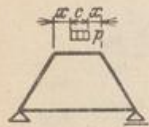
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_0 (2 + 3 \kappa_u).$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{p l_u^3}{h} \frac{\kappa_u}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_0),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u (2 + 3 \kappa_0),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u.$$



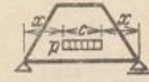
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} (3 \zeta_0 - \zeta_0^3),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{2 h} \left[\frac{3 \kappa_0}{2 \mu} (1 + \kappa_u) \Phi + \lambda_2 \zeta_0 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_0 \Phi,$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_0 (2 + 3 \kappa_u) \Phi.$$

$$\zeta_0 = \frac{c}{l_0}.$$



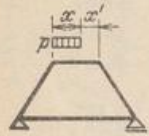
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} (3 \zeta_u - \zeta_u^3),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{p l_u^3}{h} \frac{\kappa_u}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_0) \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u (2 + 3 \kappa_0) \Phi,$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u \Phi.$$

$$\zeta_u = \frac{c}{l_u}.$$



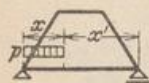
$$\xi = \frac{x}{l_0}, \quad \xi' = \frac{x'}{l_0}.$$

$$\Phi = \frac{\omega_R}{\nu} [\lambda'^2 \kappa_0 \omega_R - 2 \lambda_1 (2 + \kappa_u + \lambda')], \quad \psi = 3 \xi^2 - 2 \xi^3,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{4 h} \left[\frac{3 \kappa_0}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_u) \psi + 2 \lambda_2 \xi \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \left[\frac{\kappa_0}{\mu} \psi \mp (2 \lambda_2 \omega_R + \lambda'' \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_0^3}{4 \mu} \left[\frac{\kappa_0}{\mu} (2 + 3 \kappa_u) \psi \pm \Phi \right].$$



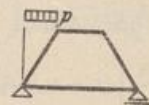
$$\xi = \frac{x}{l_u}, \quad \xi' = \frac{x'}{l_u}.$$

$$\Phi = 3 \xi^2 - 2 \xi^3,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{p l_u^3}{h} \frac{\kappa_u}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_0) \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u \left[\frac{2 + 3 \kappa_0}{\mu} \Phi \pm \frac{\omega_R^2}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_u^3}{4 \mu} \kappa_u \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \Phi \mp \frac{\lambda'}{\nu} \omega_R^2 \right].$$

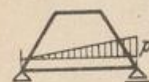


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (2 + \kappa_u - \lambda_1),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p m^2}{4 h} \left[\frac{3}{2 \mu} (\kappa_u - \kappa_0) + 1 \right],$$

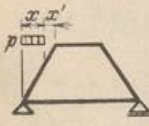
$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{p m^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3 \kappa_0}{2 \mu} \pm (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p m^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3 \kappa_u}{2 \mu} \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{p l_u^3}{h} \frac{\kappa_u}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_0), \quad M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_u^3}{120} \kappa_u \left[\frac{15}{\mu} (2 + 3 \kappa_0) \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_u^3}{120} \kappa_u \left[\frac{15}{\mu} \pm \frac{\lambda'}{\nu} \right].$$



$$\xi = \frac{x}{m}, \quad \xi' = \frac{x'}{m}.$$

$$\Phi = \frac{\xi^2}{\nu} [\kappa_u + \xi (2 - \lambda_1 \xi)], \quad \psi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_\varphi,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p m^2}{4 h} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_\varphi - (1 + \kappa_0) \psi] + \xi^2 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{p m^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3 \kappa_0) \psi - \omega_\varphi] \pm (\xi^2 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p m^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3 \kappa_u) \omega_\varphi - \psi] \mp \lambda' \Phi \right\}.$$

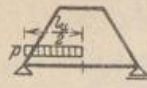


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{8\nu} [\lambda_1'^2 \kappa_o - 8\lambda_1(2 + \kappa_u + \lambda_1')],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l_o^2}{8h} \left[\frac{3\kappa_o}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_u) + 2\lambda_2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_o^3}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\mu} \mp (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1' \Phi) \right],$$

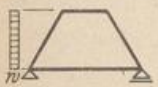
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_o^3}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_o}{\mu} (2 + 3\kappa_u) \pm \Phi \right].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{p l_o^2}{h \mu} \kappa_u (1 + \kappa_o),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l_o^2}{8} \kappa_u \left[\frac{2 + 3\kappa_o}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{8\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l_o^2}{8} \kappa_u \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \frac{\lambda_1'}{8\nu} \right].$$

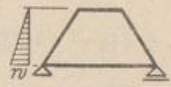


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (2 + \kappa_u - \lambda_1),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left[\frac{3}{2\mu} (\kappa_u - \kappa_o) - 1 \mp 2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3\kappa_o}{2\mu} \pm (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 3\kappa_u}{2\mu} \mp \lambda_1' \Phi \right].$$

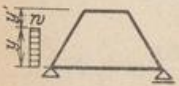


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{3\nu} [5(3 + 2\kappa_u) - 6\lambda_1],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (7\kappa_u - 8\kappa_o - 1) - 20 \mp 30 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \left[\frac{3 + 8\kappa_o}{\mu} \pm \left(\frac{10}{3} - \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \left[\frac{2 + 7\kappa_u}{\mu} \mp \lambda_1' \Phi \right].$$

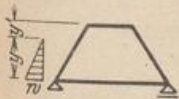


$$\Phi = \frac{\eta^2}{\nu} [\kappa_u + \eta(2 - \lambda_1 \eta)], \quad \nu = \frac{1}{2} - \omega_\varphi',$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_\varphi - (1 + \kappa_o) \psi] + \eta^2 - 2\eta \mp 2\eta \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa_o) \psi - \omega_\varphi] \pm (\eta^2 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa_u) \omega_\varphi - \psi] \mp \lambda_1' \Phi \right\}.$$

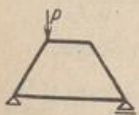


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} [10\kappa_u + 3\eta(5 - 2\lambda_1 \eta)],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \eta \left\{ \frac{3\eta}{\mu} [10(\kappa_u - 2\kappa_o - 1) + 15\eta(1 + \kappa_o) - 3\eta^2(2 + \kappa_o + \kappa_u)] + 10\eta - 30 \mp 30 \right\},$$

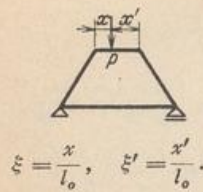
$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [10(1 + 2\kappa_o) - 5\eta(2 + 3\kappa_o) + 3\eta^2(1 + \kappa_o)] \pm (10 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [10\kappa_u + 5\eta - 3\eta^2(1 + \kappa_u)] \mp \lambda_1' \Phi \right\}.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (2 + \kappa_u + \lambda_1'), \quad H_{a,b} = \frac{P m}{2h} (2\Phi - 1),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \mp \frac{P m}{2} [1 - \Phi], \quad M_{c,d} = \pm \frac{P m}{2} \lambda_1' \Phi.$$

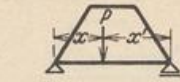


$$\Phi = \frac{1-2\xi}{\nu} [\lambda_1^2 \kappa_o \omega_R - \lambda_1 (2 + \kappa_u + \lambda')],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{Pm}{2h} \left[\frac{9\kappa_o}{\mu \lambda_2} (1 + \kappa_u) \omega_R + 1 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{Pl_o}{2} \left\{ \frac{3\kappa_o}{\mu} \omega_R \mp [\lambda_2 (1-2\xi) + \lambda'' \Phi] \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{Pl_o}{2} \left[\frac{3\kappa_o}{\mu} (2 + 3\kappa_u) \omega_R \pm \Phi \right].$$

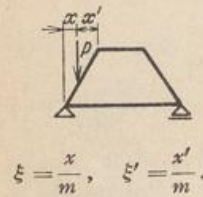


$$\Phi = \frac{1-2\xi}{\nu},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{9Pl_u}{2h} \frac{\kappa_u}{\mu} (1 + \kappa_o) \omega_R,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{Pl_u}{2} \kappa_u \omega_R \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (2 + 3\kappa_o) \pm \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{Pl_u}{2} \kappa_u \omega_R \left[\frac{3}{\mu} \mp \lambda' \Phi \right].$$

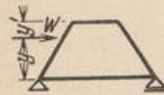


$$\Phi = \frac{\xi}{\nu} [\kappa_u + \xi (3 - 2\lambda_1 \xi)],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{Pm}{2h} \left\{ \xi + \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_D - (1 + \kappa_o) \omega'_D] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{Pm}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_o) \omega'_D - \omega_R] \pm (\xi - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{Pm}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_D - \omega_R] \mp \lambda' \Phi \right\}.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{\eta}{\nu} [\kappa_u + \eta (3 - 2\lambda_1 \eta)],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{W}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_D - (1 + \kappa_o) \omega'_D] + \eta - 1 \mp 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{Wh}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_o) \omega'_D - \omega_R] \pm (\eta - \Phi) \right\},$$

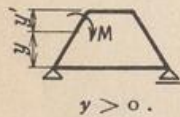
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{Wh}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_D - \omega_R] \mp \lambda' \Phi \right\}.$$

$$y = h: \Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (2 + \kappa_u + \lambda'),$$

$$H_{a,b} = \mp \frac{W}{2},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \mp \frac{Wh}{2} (1 - \Phi),$$

$$M_{c,d} = \pm \frac{Wh}{2} \lambda' \Phi.$$



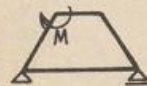
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} [\kappa_u + 6\eta (1 - \lambda_1 \eta)],$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2h} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa_u) \omega_M + (1 + \kappa_o) \omega'_M] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa_o) \omega'_M + \omega_M] \pm (1 - \Phi) \right\},$$

$$M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa_u) \omega_M + \omega'_M] \pm \lambda' \Phi \right\}.$$

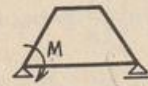
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} [\kappa_u + 6(1 - \lambda_1)],$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2h} \left[1 - \frac{3}{\mu} (1 + 2\kappa_u - \kappa_o) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{3\kappa_o}{\mu} \mp (1 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{h,k} = \frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (1 + 2\kappa_u) \pm \lambda' \Phi \right].$$



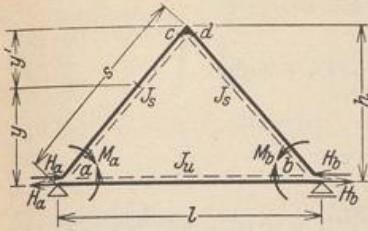
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2h} \left[1 - \frac{3}{\mu} (1 + 2\kappa_o - \kappa_u) \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (1 + 2\kappa_o) \pm \left(1 - \frac{\kappa_u}{\nu} \right) \right],$$

M_a am Riegel,

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{3\kappa_u}{\mu} \mp \lambda' \frac{\kappa_u}{\nu} \right].$$

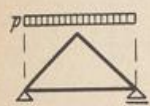
Tabelle 60. Geschlossener, symmetrischer Dreiecksrahmen.



$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \kappa = \frac{l}{s} \frac{J_s}{J_u},$$

$$\mu = 3(1 + 2\kappa), \quad \nu = 2 + \kappa.$$

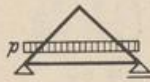
Gleichmäßige Temperaturänderung erzeugt keine Schnittkräfte.



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{16} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{1}{\mu} (2 + 5\kappa),$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{p l^2}{16 \mu},$$

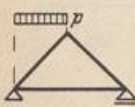
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{16} \frac{1 + 3\kappa}{\mu}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{2} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

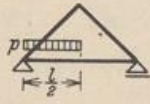
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{4} \frac{\kappa}{\mu}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{32 h} \left(2 + \frac{3\kappa}{\mu} \right),$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{p l^2}{32} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{32} \frac{1 + 3\kappa}{\mu}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{8} \kappa \left(\frac{2}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{8\nu} \right),$$

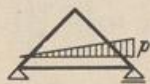
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \frac{\kappa}{\mu}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} (3\zeta - \zeta^3),$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{4} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} (3\zeta - \zeta^3),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} (3\zeta - \zeta^3).$$

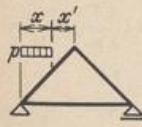


$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{120} \kappa \left(\frac{30}{\mu} \mp \frac{1}{\nu} \right),$$

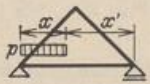
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \frac{\kappa}{\mu}.$$

$$\zeta = \frac{c}{l}.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_\varphi,$$

$$\xi = \frac{2\kappa}{l}, \quad \xi' = \frac{2\kappa'}{l},$$



$$\Phi = 3\xi^2 - 2\xi^3,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{p l^2}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \Phi,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{4} \kappa \left[\frac{2}{\mu} \Phi \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \omega_\varphi^2 \right],$$

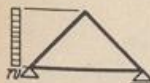
$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{4} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \Phi.$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{p l^2}{16 h} \left\{ \xi^2 + \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_\varphi - \Phi] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{p l^2}{16} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2\Phi - \omega_\varphi) \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{p l^2}{16} \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa) \omega_\varphi - \Phi].$$

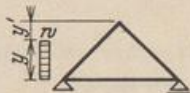
$$\xi = \frac{\kappa}{l}, \quad \xi' = \frac{\kappa'}{l}.$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left[\frac{3\kappa}{2\mu} - 1 \mp 2 \right],$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{8} \frac{1 + 3\kappa}{\mu}.$$




$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega'_\varphi,$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{4} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_\varphi - \Phi] + \eta^2 - 2\eta \mp 2\eta \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2\Phi - \omega_\varphi) \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3\kappa) \omega_\varphi - \Phi].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \eta \left\{ \frac{3 \eta}{\mu} [10 (\kappa - 1) + 15 \eta - 3 \eta^2 \nu] + 10 \eta - 30 \mp 30 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \eta^2 \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [10 (1 - \eta) + 3 \eta^2] \pm \frac{1}{\nu} [20 - 15 \eta + 3 \eta^2] \right\},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \frac{\eta^2}{\mu} [10 \kappa + 5 \eta - 3 (1 + \kappa) \eta^2].$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{w h}{120} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (7 \kappa - 1) - 20 \mp 30 \right],$$

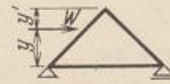
$$H_{a,b} = \frac{W}{2} \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_D - \omega'_D] + \eta - 1 \mp 1 \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \left(\frac{3}{\mu} \pm \frac{8}{3 \nu} \right),$$

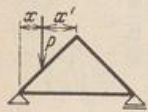
$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{w h}{2} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (\omega'_D - \omega_R) \pm \frac{\omega'_D}{\nu} \right],$$



$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h^2}{40} \frac{2 + 7 \kappa}{\mu}.$$



$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{w h}{2} \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_D - \omega_R].$$

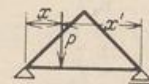


$$\xi = \frac{2 x}{l}, \quad \xi' = \frac{2 x'}{l},$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{P l}{4 h} \left\{ \xi + \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_D - \omega'_D] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{P l}{4} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} (\omega'_D - \omega_R) \pm \frac{\omega'_D}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l}{4} \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_D - \omega_R].$$



$$H_{a,b} = \frac{9}{2} \frac{P l}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \omega_R,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \frac{P l}{2} \kappa \omega_R \left(\frac{6}{\mu} \pm \frac{1 - 2 \xi}{\nu} \right),$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{P l}{2} \frac{3 \kappa}{\mu} \omega_R.$$

$$H_{a,b} = \frac{M}{2 h} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3}{\mu} [(1 + \kappa) \omega_M + \omega'_M] \right\},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2 \omega'_M + \omega_M) \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \omega'_M \right],$$

$$M_d = \frac{M}{2} \frac{1}{\mu} [(2 + 3 \kappa) \omega_M + \omega'_M].$$



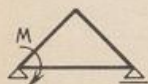
y > 0



$$H_{a,b} = 0,$$

$$M_{a,b} = \pm \frac{M}{2 \nu},$$

$$M_{c,d} = \mp \frac{M}{2}.$$

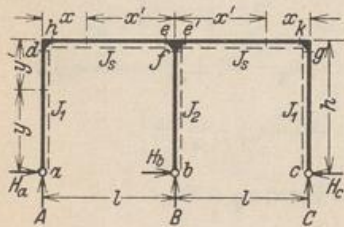


$$H_{a,b} = \frac{9}{2} \frac{M}{h} \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{c,d} = -\frac{3}{2} M \frac{\kappa}{\mu},$$

$$M_{a,b} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{3}{\mu} \pm \frac{2}{\nu} \right], \quad M_a \text{ am Riegel.}$$

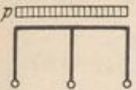
Tabelle 61. Symmetrischer, dreistieliger Rahmen mit geradem Riegel.



$$\xi = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \kappa_1 = \frac{h}{l} \frac{J_2}{J_1}, \quad \mu = 3 + 4 \kappa_1, \quad \alpha = 3 + 2 \kappa_1,$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}, \quad \kappa_2 = \frac{h}{l} \frac{J_2}{J_2}, \quad \nu = 3 + \kappa_1 + 2 \kappa_2,$$

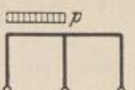
$$M_{h,k} = M_{d,e}, \quad \text{wenn nicht besonders angegeben.}$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{4 \mu},$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p l^2}{4 \mu} (1 + 2 \kappa_1),$$

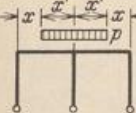
$$M_f = 0.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \left[\frac{1 + 2 \kappa_1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{\nu} \right],$$

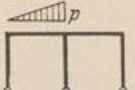
$$M_f = \frac{p l^2}{4 \nu}.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p x'^2}{4 \mu} \xi' (4 - 3 \xi'),$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p x'^2}{4 \mu} [2 \mu - 8(1 + \kappa_1) \xi' + \alpha \xi'^2],$$

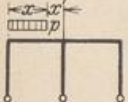
$$M_f = 0.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{40} \left[\frac{2}{\mu} \pm \frac{5}{2 \nu} \right],$$

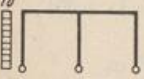
$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{p l^2}{120} \left[\frac{9 + 16 \kappa_1}{\mu} \pm \frac{15}{2 \nu} \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{p l^2}{8 \nu}.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (3 - 2 \xi), \quad M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p x^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (4 \kappa_1 + 4 \xi - \alpha \xi^2) \pm \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p x^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (6 - 8 \xi + 3 \xi^2) \pm \Phi \right], \quad M_f = \frac{p x^2}{4} \Phi.$$

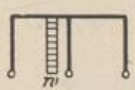


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} (2 \alpha + \kappa_1),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w h^2}{4} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w h^2}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h^2}{4} \Phi.$$

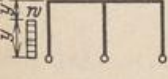


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} (\alpha - \kappa_2),$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w h^2}{4} [1 - \Phi],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w h^2}{4} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h^2}{2} \Phi.$$

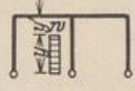


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} [\kappa_1 (2 - \eta^2) + 2 \alpha],$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w y^2}{8} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (2 - \eta^2) \mp (2 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w y^2}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (2 - \eta^2) \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w y^2}{4} \Phi.$$

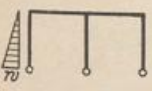


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} [\alpha - \kappa_2 (2 - \eta^2)],$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w y^2}{4} [1 - \Phi],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w y^2}{4} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = \frac{w y^2}{2} \Phi.$$

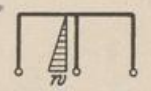


$$\Phi = \frac{3}{2 \nu} (10 + 9 \kappa_1),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w h^2}{120} \left[14 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp (10 - \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w h^2}{120} \left[7 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h^2}{60} \Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (7 \kappa_2 - 5 \alpha),$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w h^2}{120} [10 + \Phi],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w h^2}{120} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h^2}{60} \Phi.$$



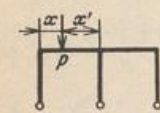
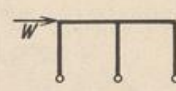
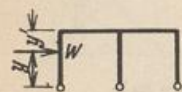

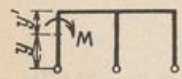
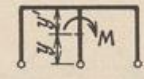
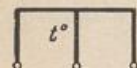
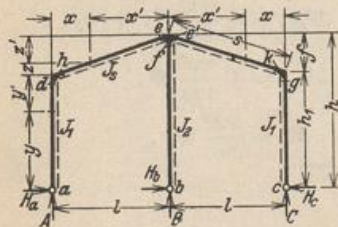
 $\Phi = \frac{3}{2\nu} [10(1 + \kappa_1) - \kappa_1 \eta^2],$ $M_{d,s} = -\frac{w y^2}{120} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (10 - 3\eta^2) \mp (10 - \Phi) \right],$ $M_{e,e'} = \frac{w y^2}{120} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (10 - 3\eta^2) \mp \Phi \right],$ $M_f = \frac{w y^2}{60} \Phi.$	 $\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} [5(\alpha - 2\kappa_2) + 3\kappa_2 \eta^2],$ $M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w y^2}{120} (10 - \Phi),$ $M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w y^2}{120} \Phi,$ $M_f = + \frac{w y^2}{60} \Phi.$
 $M_{d,s} = -\frac{3}{2} P l \omega_R \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \xi' \pm \frac{1}{2\nu} \right],$ $M_{e,e'} = -\frac{P l}{2} \omega_R \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2\kappa_1 + \alpha \xi) \pm \frac{3}{2\nu} \right],$ $M_f = \frac{3}{2} \frac{P l}{\nu} \omega_R.$	 $M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{W h}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\alpha}{2\nu} \right),$ $M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{W h}{4} \frac{\alpha}{\nu},$ $M_f = \frac{W h}{2} \frac{\alpha}{\nu}.$
 $\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} [\kappa_1 (1 - \eta^2) + \alpha],$ $M_{d,s} = -\frac{W y}{2} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (1 - \eta^2) \mp (1 - \Phi) \right],$ $M_{e,e'} = \frac{W y}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (1 - \eta^2) \mp \Phi \right],$ $M_f = W y \Phi.$	 $\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} [2\kappa_2 (1 - \eta^2) - \alpha],$ $M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{W y}{2} [1 + \Phi],$ $M_{e,e'} = \pm \frac{W y}{2} \Phi,$ $M_f = -W y \Phi.$
 $\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (\alpha - \kappa_1 \omega_M),$ $M_{h,k} = + \frac{M}{2} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \omega_M \pm (1 - \Phi) \right],$ $M_{e,e'} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \omega_M \pm \Phi \right],$ $M_f = M \Phi.$ <p> $y = h: \quad \Phi = \frac{3}{2\nu}, \quad \omega_M = 2,$ $y = 0: \quad \Phi = \frac{3}{2\nu} (1 + \kappa_1), \quad \omega_M = -1.$ </p>	 $\Phi = + \frac{1}{2\nu} (\alpha + 2\kappa_2 \omega_M),$ $M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{M}{2} (1 - \Phi),$ $M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{M}{2} \Phi,$ <p> $y' > 0: \quad M_f = M \Phi,$ $y = h: \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (2\nu - 3), \quad M_f = -M (1 - \Phi),$ $y = 0: \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (\alpha - 2\kappa_2).$ </p>
 $M_{d,s} = -\frac{12 E J_s \alpha_1 t}{\mu h}, \quad M_{e,e'} = \frac{6 E J_s \alpha_1 t}{\mu h}, \quad M_f = 0.$	

Tabelle 62. Symmetrischer, dreistieliger Rahmen mit gebrochenem Riegel.

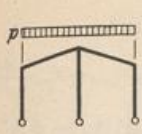


$$\xi = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \zeta = \frac{z}{f}, \quad \varphi = \frac{f}{h}, \quad \varphi' = \frac{h_1}{h}, \quad \varphi'' = \frac{h}{h_1},$$

$$\xi' = \frac{x'}{l}, \quad \zeta' = \frac{z'}{f}, \quad \kappa_1 = \frac{h_1 J_s}{s J_1}, \quad \kappa_2 = \frac{h J_s}{s J_2}, \quad \mu = 3 + 4\kappa_1,$$

$$\alpha = 2(1 + \kappa_1) + \varphi'', \quad \nu = 1 + 2\kappa_2 + \varphi' + \varphi'^2(1 + \kappa_1),$$

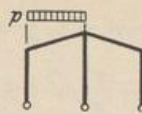
$M_{h,k} = M_{d,s}$, wenn nicht besonders angegeben.



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{4 \mu},$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p l^2}{4 \mu} [1 + 2 \kappa_1],$$

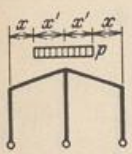
$$M_f = 0.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \left[\frac{\varphi'(1 + \varphi')}{2 \nu} \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p l^2}{8} \left[\frac{1 + 2 \kappa_1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1 + \varphi'}{2 \nu} \right]$$

$$M_f = \frac{p l^2}{8} \frac{1 + \varphi'}{\nu}.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p x'^2}{4 \mu} \xi' [4 - 3 \xi'],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p x'^2}{4 \mu} [2 \mu - 8(1 + \kappa_1) \xi' + (3 + 2 \kappa_1) \xi'^2],$$

$$M_f = 0.$$

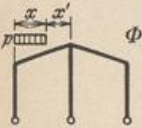


$$\Phi = \frac{8 + 7 \varphi'}{\nu},$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p l^2}{120} \left[\frac{6}{\mu} \pm \frac{\varphi'}{2} \Phi \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p l^2}{120} \left[\frac{9 + 16 \kappa_1}{\mu} \pm \frac{1}{2} \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{p l^2}{120} \Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} \left[3 - 2 \xi - \frac{\varphi}{2} (\xi^2 + 4 \xi') \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{p x^2}{8} \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [4 \kappa_1 + 4 \xi - (3 + 2 \kappa_1) \xi^2] \pm \Phi \right\},$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{p x^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (6 - 8 \xi + 3 \xi^2) \pm \varphi' \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{p x^2}{4} \Phi.$$

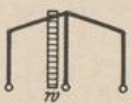


$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{2 \nu} (2 \alpha + \kappa_1),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w h_1^2}{4} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \left(1 - \frac{\varphi'}{2} \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w h_1^2}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h_1^2}{4} \Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} (\varphi'^2 \alpha - \kappa_2),$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w h^2}{4} \varphi' [1 - \Phi],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w h^2}{4} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h^2}{2} \Phi.$$



$$\eta^2 = \frac{y}{h_1}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h_1}.$$

$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{2 \nu} [\kappa_1 (2 - \eta^2) + 2 \alpha],$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w y^2}{8} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (2 - \eta^2) \mp (2 - \varphi' \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w y^2}{8} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (2 - \eta^2) \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w y^2}{4} \Phi.$$



$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}.$$

$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2 \nu} [\varphi'^2 \alpha - \kappa_2 (2 - \eta^2)],$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w y^2}{4} \varphi' [1 - \Phi],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w y^2}{4} \Phi,$$

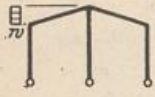
$$M_f = \frac{w y^2}{2} \Phi.$$



$$\psi = \frac{1}{2} - \omega \varphi', \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{4 \nu} (\omega \varphi + \varphi' \psi + 2 \frac{\varphi'^2}{\varphi} \alpha \zeta),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w f^2}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2 \mu} (2 \psi - \omega \varphi) \mp \frac{\varphi'}{\varphi} (\zeta - \varphi \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{w f^2}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2 \mu} [2 \omega \varphi (1 + \kappa_1) - \psi] \pm \Phi \right], \quad M_f = w f^2 \Phi.$$




$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} \left(1 + \varphi' + 4 \frac{\varphi'^2}{\varphi} \alpha \right),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w f^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \mp \frac{\varphi'}{\varphi} (4 - \varphi \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{w f^2}{8} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} + \frac{2 \kappa_1}{\mu} \pm \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w f^2}{4} \Phi.$$




$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} [5 (\varphi'^2 \alpha - 2 \kappa_2) + 3 \kappa_2 \eta^2],$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w y^2}{120} \varphi' [10 - \Phi],$$

$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h} \quad M_{e,e'} = \mp \frac{w y^2}{120} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = + \frac{w y^2}{60} \Phi.$$

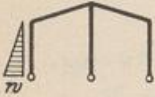


$$\eta = \frac{y}{h_1}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h_1}.$$

$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{2\nu} [10 (\alpha + \kappa_1) - 3 \kappa_1 \eta^2],$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w y^2}{120} \left[\frac{2 \kappa_1}{\mu} (10 - 3 \eta^2) \mp (10 - \varphi' \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w y^2}{120} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (10 - 3 \eta^2) \mp \Phi \right], \quad M_f = \frac{w y^2}{60} \Phi.$$

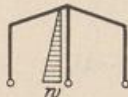


$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{2\nu} (10 \alpha + 7 \kappa_1),$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{w h_1^2}{120} \left[14 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp (10 - \varphi' \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{w h_1^2}{120} \left[7 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \mp \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{w h_1^2}{60} \Phi.$$

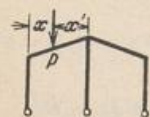


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\nu} (7 \kappa_2 - 5 \varphi'^2 \alpha),$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{w h^2}{120} \varphi' (10 + \Phi),$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \pm \frac{w h^2}{120} \Phi,$$


$$M_f = -\frac{w h^2}{60} \Phi.$$



$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{Pl}{2} \omega_R \left\{ \frac{3}{\mu} \xi' \pm \frac{\varphi'}{2\nu} [3 - \varphi (1 + \xi')] \right\},$$

$$M_{e,e'} = -\frac{Pl}{2} \omega_R \left\{ \frac{1}{\mu} [2 \kappa_1 + (3 + 2 \kappa_1) \xi] \pm \frac{1}{2\nu} [3 - \varphi (1 + \xi')] \right\},$$

$$M_f = \frac{Pl}{2} \frac{\omega_R}{\nu} [3 - \varphi (1 + \xi')].$$




$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{\nu} [\kappa_1 (1 - \eta^2) + \alpha],$$

$$M_{d,s} = -\frac{W y}{2} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (1 - \eta^2) \mp \left(1 - \frac{\varphi'}{2} \Phi \right) \right],$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \frac{W y}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} (1 - \eta^2) \mp \frac{1}{2} \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = \frac{W y}{2} \Phi.$$

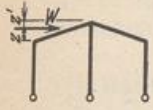


$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} [2 \kappa_2 (1 - \eta^2) - \varphi'^2 \alpha],$$

$$M_{d,s} = \pm \frac{W y}{2} \varphi' (1 + \Phi)$$

$$M_{e,e'} = \pm \frac{W y}{2} \Phi,$$

$$M_f = -W y \cdot \Phi.$$



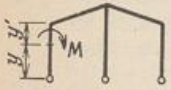
$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (\omega_D + \varphi' \omega'_D + \frac{\varphi'^2}{\varphi} \alpha),$$

$$M_{d,\sigma} = -\frac{Wf}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mu} (2\omega'_D - \omega_D) \mp \frac{\varphi'}{\varphi} (1 - \varphi \Phi) \right],$$

$$M_{e,\sigma'} = -\frac{Wf}{4} \left[\omega_D + \frac{1}{\mu} (2\omega_D - \omega'_D) \pm 2\Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = Wf\Phi.$$

$$z = 0: \quad \begin{cases} M_{d,\sigma} = \pm \frac{W h_1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\varphi'^2}{2\nu} \alpha \right), \\ M_{e,\sigma'} = \mp \frac{W h_1 \varphi'}{4\nu} \alpha, \\ M_f = \frac{W h_1 \varphi'}{2\nu} \alpha. \end{cases}$$

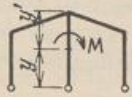


$$\Phi = \frac{\varphi'}{2\nu} (\alpha - \kappa_1 \omega_M),$$

$$M_{h,\kappa} = \frac{M}{2} \left[2 \frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \omega_M \pm (1 - \varphi' \Phi) \right],$$

$$\eta = \frac{y}{h_1}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h_1}. \quad M_{e,\sigma'} = -\frac{M}{2} \left[\frac{\kappa_1}{\mu} \omega_M \pm \Phi \right],$$

$$M_f = M\Phi.$$



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (2\kappa_2 \omega_M + \varphi'^2 \alpha),$$

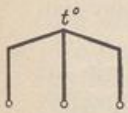
$$M_{d,\sigma} = \pm \frac{M}{2} \varphi' (1 - \Phi),$$

$$\eta = \frac{y}{h}, \quad \eta' = \frac{y'}{h}. \quad M_{e,\sigma'} = \mp \frac{M}{2} \Phi,$$

$$y' > 0: \quad M_f = M\Phi.$$

$$y = h: \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (4\kappa_2 + \varphi'^2 \alpha), \quad M_f = -M(1 - \Phi).$$

$$y = 0: \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{2\nu} (\varphi'^2 \alpha - 2\kappa_2).$$



$$M_{d,\sigma} = -\frac{12 E J_s l \alpha_t t}{\mu s h_1},$$

$$M_{e,\sigma'} = \frac{6 E J_s \alpha_t t l}{\mu s h_1}, \quad M_f = 0.$$

62. Die räumliche Belastung des ebenen Tragwerks.

Während das ebene Tragwerk bei Belastung in der Symmetrieebene als Scheibe oder Scheibenverbindung angesehen und berechnet wird, ist bei allgemeinem Kraftangriff die räumliche Betrachtung von Träger, Stützung und Formänderung notwendig. Der Abschnitt eines Stabes besitzt in diesem Falle sechs Freiheitsgrade, so daß für die äußeren Kräfte sechs Gleichgewichtsbedingungen angeschrieben werden können. Die Verschiebung eines Querschnitts ist durch sechs geometrische Parameter, der Spannungszustand ($\sigma_x, \tau_{xy}, \tau_{xz}$) eines Querschnitts bei Annahme eines linearen Ansatzes für σ_x durch sechs Schnittkräfte (43) bestimmt.

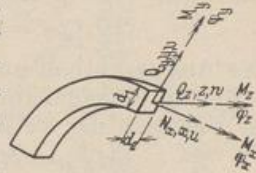


Abb. 581.

Die äußeren Kräfte werden in Komponenten zerlegt, die in der Trägerebene und senkrecht dazu angreifen. Der Beitrag jeder Gruppe zum Spannungs- und Verschiebungszustand darf nach dem Superpositionsgesetz getrennt angegeben werden. Die räumliche Belastung besteht daher nur aus Kräften winkelrecht zur Ebene des Tragwerks, für welche das Biegemoment M_z und die Querkraft Q_y Null sind, während die Verschiebungen u, v und die Verdrehung φ_z als klein gegen die Komponenten w, φ_x, φ_y vernachlässigt werden (Abb. 581).

Lösung A. Die ebenen Tragwerke des Bauwesens mit räumlichem Charakter sind, abgesehen von wenigen Ausnahmen, statisch unbestimmt. Der Spannungszustand kann daher ebenso wie in Abschn. 24 aus den Schnittkräften eines Hauptsystems entwickelt werden, an dem die statisch unbestimmten Schnittkräfte neben der